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Any forward-looking statements contained in this document speak only as of the date on which they are made. Prudential expressly disclaims any obligation to update any of the forward-looking statements contained in this document or any other forward-looking statements it may make, whether as a result of future events, new information or otherwise except as required pursuant to the UK Prospectus Rules, the UK Listing Rules, the UK Disclosure and Transparency Rules, the Hong Kong Listing Rules, the SGX-ST listing rules or other applicable laws and regulations.



Mike Wells

Group Chief Executive



Key highlights

Growth

+11%

FY2018 New business profit vs FY2017 CER¹

Earnings

£**4.8**bn

FY2018 IFRS operating profit

Cash

£4.0bn

FY2018 Operating free surplus generation

Dividend

+5%

Growth on prior year to 49.35 pence per share

Embedded value

£50bn

FY2018 Embedded value +11% vs FY2017 AER²

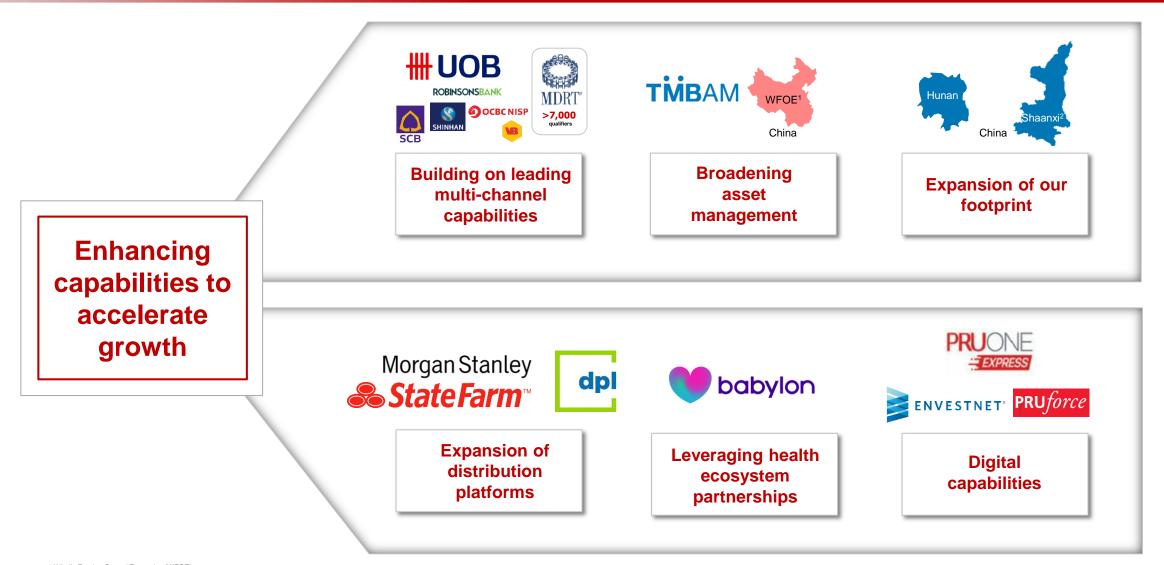
Capital

232%

FY2018 Solvency II ratio



Enhancing our capabilities and extending our reach





1 Wholly Foreign Owned Enterprise (WFOE)
2 Shaanxi: Received regulatory approval for preparation work in January 2019

Progress towards demerger



- Completed the legal transfer of the HK business
- ✓ Completed reinsurance of £12bn UK annuity book to Rothesay Life
- ✓ Good progress with Part VII transfer
- ✓ HKIA announced as future Group-wide supervisor.
- ✓ Raised £1.6bn of new subordinated debt

M&GPRUDENTIAL

- Established new holding company & Group
- ✓ Appointed Mike Evans as Chairman
- ✓ Well progressed in appointing independent NEDs.
- ✓ Integrating support services
- Merger and transformation on track



Prudential plc post demerger

Ambition and operating principles



Capturing structural opportunity

- Long-term positioning in growing target markets
- · Creating financial solutions to meet distinct customer needs
- · Growing and diversifying distribution

Operating with discipline

- Long-term strategic decision making
- · Capital allocation to highest value opportunities
- · Rigorous risk management

Enhancing capabilities

- · Enhancing customer service and deepening customer engagement
- Adapting to market dynamics
- · Sharing success across local business units

High quality resilient outcomes

- Great customer outcomes
- Recurring revenue streams
- · Resilience and scale



Leveraging a broad range of capabilities to deliver outstanding solutions



88%
PruFund

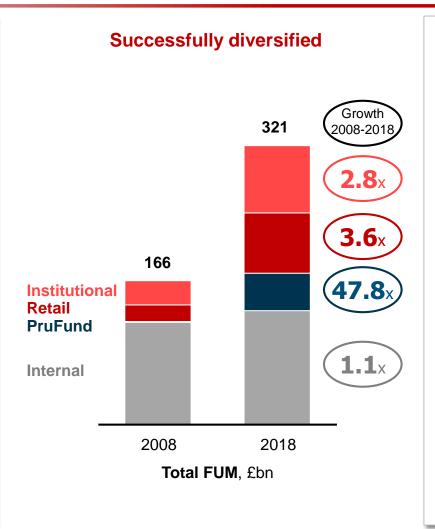
performance¹ (ABI comparator +45%)

74%

of M&G retail funds above median²

93_%

of M&G institutional funds outperforming benchmark³



Broad range of established investment capabilities



- Differentiated investment capabilities in hard to replicate segments
- Track record of seeding asset management capabilities
- Transformation will further enhance and broaden existing capabilities

With-profits fund

Multi-asset funds

- · Unique asset delivering long-term performance
- FUM of £131bn, including a 20% YoY rise in PruFund FUM to £43bn

Dynamic and Conservative Allocation funds

- FY2018 net inflows of £1.6bn
- FUM has grown 3.8x in last 3 years to £9.1bn



¹ Performance of PruFund Growth from September 2006 to 31 December 2018. ABI Mixed Investment 20 per cent – 60 per cent shares (performance is net of charge). PruFund returns are also net of charge (0.65 per cent)
2 On a 3 year view to December 2018. Quartile ranking based on ranking of the funds' representative share class, net of fees, within their respective investment Association (IA) or Morningstar sectors. Closed funds excluded. M&G total wholesale and direct FUM was £69.5bn as at 31 December 2018, representing 22 per cent of the total M&GPrudential FUM. Three year figures represent £67.5bn FUM. Performance figures in GBP, bid to bid, net income reinvested. Source: M&GPrudential, December 2018. IA and Morningstar Inc. combined UK and Pan-European peer groups as at end December 2018
3 Institutional mandates actively managed against a benchmark, on a gross of fees basis. Represents £41bn (21%) of total institutional FUM, including internal FUM, as at end of December 2018

Country highlights – Hong Kong

Structural trends Domestic Ageing Significant Gov't initiatives population Protection gap² VHIS³

- ₩₄23_m
- HKMC⁴ tax-deferred annuity scheme

Mainland

Av. in

2015

Infrastructure

BRIDGE

Av. in

2050



51m Mainland visitors pa

Gov't initiatives

Greater Bay Area



\$**1.5**tr

> Insurance Connect

Platform

Agency

Unrivalled agency capabilities

Ranked #1 with

>30% market share⁷

> 20k

agents

One of the largest MDRT⁸ agency forces in HK



Bancassurance

Successful partnership continuing to deliver substantial benefits



Standard Shartered

Execution

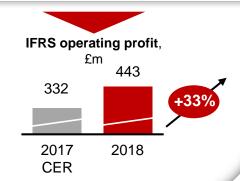
Continuous product PRUhealth critical upgrades & innovation illness multi-care

Focus on quality

Insurance income as % of total⁹

Strong persistency

>95% Retention rate



¹ UN population forecast by age. Medium variant forecast

² Swiss Re Asia's health protection gap: insights for building greater resilience

³ Voluntary Health Insurance Scheme (VHIS) 4 Hong Kong Mortgage Corporation (HKMC)

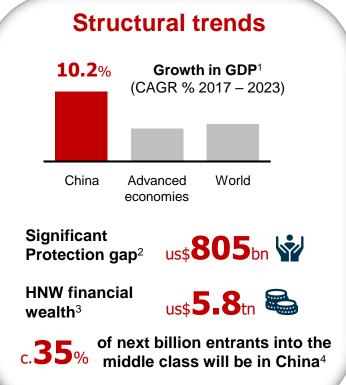
⁵ Hong Kong Tourist Board. For year ended 31 December 2018

⁶ Hong Kong Trade Development Council 7 As at 30 September 2018

⁸ Million Dollar Round Table

⁹ Total income includes insurance income, spread income, fee income, with-profits income and expected returns on shareholder assets and excludes margin on revenues

Country highlights – China



Platform

Expansion into footprint

Access to:

19

75%

of population

Access to:

78%

China GDP

Branches (+1 from FY17)

Cities (+10 from FY17)

✓ Approval for 20th branch



2018 contribution:

8% NBP 6% APE

Agency

48_k Agents⁵

32% Increase in MDRTs⁶

Bancassurance

c.40 Bank partners⁵

Execution

Strategic opportunity

- ✓ Approval for tax deferred pension
- ✓ Application for pension company
- ✓ Established WFOE⁷
- ✓ Approval for QDLP⁸

Risk management



Leveraging technology



>90%

Agency E-submission

WeChat utilisation for claims

99%



¹ Source: IMF. 2017 GDP at September 2018 current prices

² Swiss Re Asia's health protection gap: insights for building greater resilience

³ Capgemini Financial Services Analysis 2017

⁴ Brookings Institution 5 As at 31 December 2018

⁶ Million Dollar Round Table. Data as at July 2018 7 Wholly Foreign Owned Enterprise (WFOE) 8 Qualified Domestic Limited Partnership (QDLP)

^{9 2017} Solvency Aligned Risk Management Requirements and Assessment (SARMRA) issued by the China Insurance Regulatory Commission (CIRC)

Country highlights - Indonesia

Structural trends

267_m Population of¹

Insurance **1.9**% penetration²

Protection gap³

us\$**82**bn



Expanding middle class

To enter the middle-class each year 2015-2020

Platform

Enhancing distribution capabilities

Agency initiatives

✓ Segmentation

19%

'Elite' agents APE of total

MDRT 6% increase in MDRTs4

- ✓ Recruitment activation
- PRUuniversity Launched in July
- ✓ Transformation of training

reduction in licencing & onboarding time

Bancassurance

11%

of APE mix

OCBC NISP

Strong start since launch (May'18). By 4Q, 6% of banca sales

Execution

Broadening product range

New launches

- Revamped flagship RP unit linked product
 - New product features led to:

E-submission

>50% Auto-debit

Strong pipeline

✓ Stand-alone CI product with ROP⁵ element launched in 1Q19



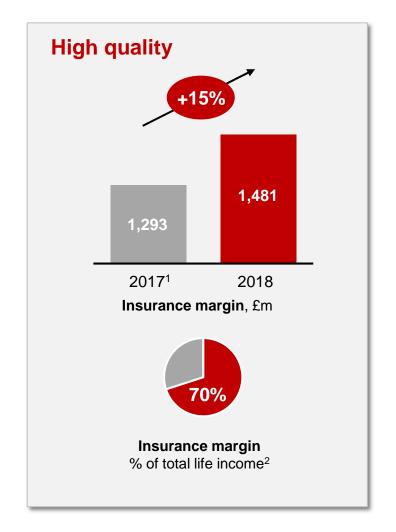
- Planned next:
 - Launch of SME group offering
 - Revamp of HNW medical
 - Revamp of mass affluent version of RP unit linked product

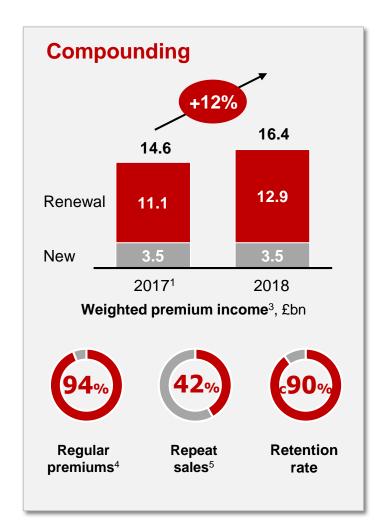
¹ United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects: The 2017 Revision 2 Market penetration: Swiss Re (Sigma) - based on insurance premiums as a percentage of GDP in 2017 (estimated)

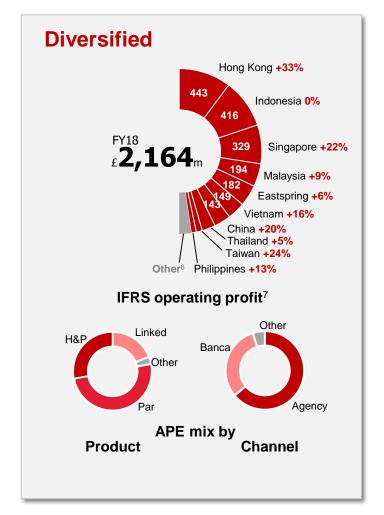
³ Swiss Re Asia's health protection gap; insights for building greater resilience

⁴ Million Dollar Round Table

High quality portfolio









¹ On a constant exchange rate basis

² Total life income includes insurance income, spread income, fee income, with-profits income and expected return on shareholder assets and excludes margin on revenue 3 Weighted premium income comprises gross earned premiums at 100% of renewal premium, 100% of first year premiums and 10% of single premiums

³ Weighted premium income comprises gross earned premiums at 100% of renewal premium, 100% of first year premiums and 10% of single premiums 4 Represented by regular premiums as a percentage of APE

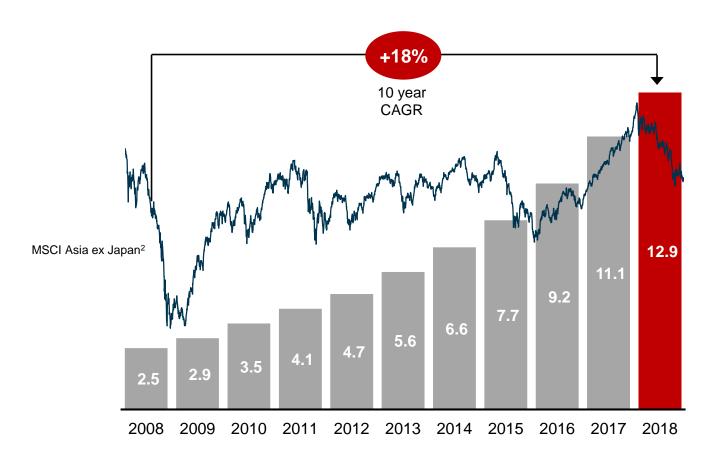
⁵ Repeat sales as a percentage of APE

⁶ Other includes India, Cambodia, Laos and non-recurrent items

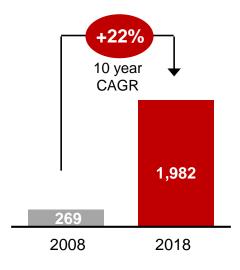
⁷ Growth rates on a constant exchange rate basis

Compounding growth driving a growing earnings base

Renewal premium income¹, £bn



Life IFRS operating profit^{1,3}, £m



- Scale and diversification of portfolio driving value across the cycle
- Compounding effect of strong persistency & new business value growth underpins earnings
- Double digit growth in key metrics underlines multiple performance levers

PRUDENTIAL

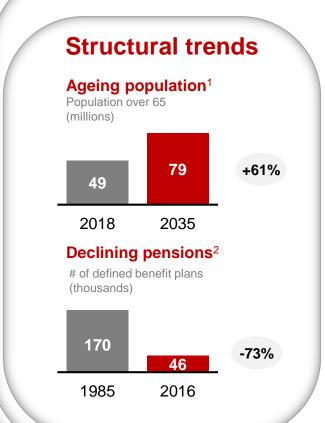


¹ On a constant exchange rate basis

² Source: Datastream

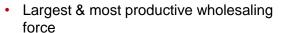
³ The comparator has been adjusted for new and amended accounting standards and excludes Korea Life, Japan and Taiwan agency

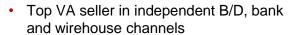
Strategic initiatives



Platform

Market leading distribution footprint





 726 selling agreements covering 74% of total US advisors

Superior customer proposition

- · Investment freedom
- Over 100 fund choices

Leading cost efficient player

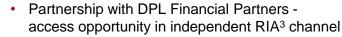
Strategic diversification



= ×-

Execution

Growing in advisory channel





 Launch of advisory products on Morgan Stanley platform targeted for May 2019



- Selling agreements up to 170 (FY17: 113)
- 32% of advisory VA sales from new advisors

M

Innovative tailored solutions

PERSPECTIVE ADVISORY II ™

MARKET PROTECTOR ADVISORYSM

Expansion of distribution

Partnership with State Farm



Connectivity to platforms

Collaboration with Envestnet



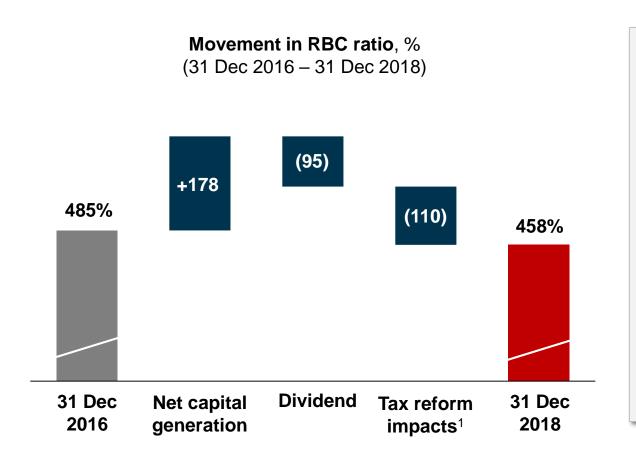
³ Registered Investment Adviser (RIA)



Social Security Administration

² U.S department of Labor, "Private Pension Plan Bulletin Historical Tables and Graphs 1975 – 2016". December 2018

Well protected through 4Q market volatility



Long track record of

- RBC >400%
- Strong capital formation

Strong capital formation

- Paid remittances of \$1,050m since 2016
- Absorbed 110ppts impact of tax reform since 2016

4Q18 capital generation of \$0.9bn with S&P500 down 14%

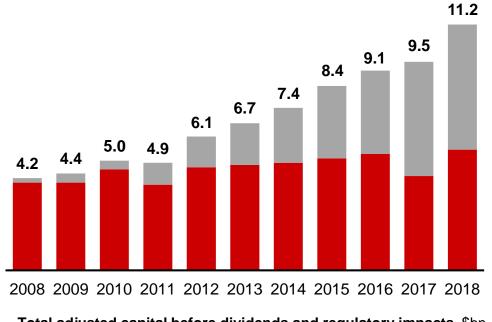
- Hedging performed as expected
- Latent capital buffer partially absorbed adverse movement in reserves

¹ As reported at HY18: in June 2018, the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) formally approved changes to RBC capital factors that reflect the December 2017 US tax reform, increasing the level of required risk-based capital, with no impact on total adjusted capital



Resilient statutory capital position

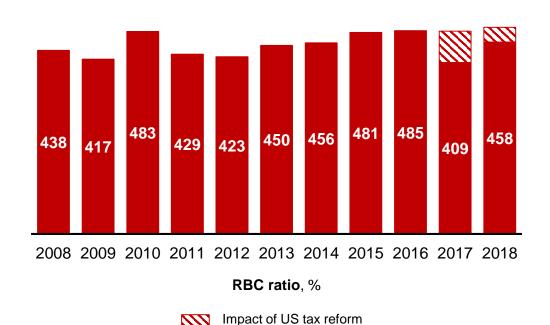
Sustained capital generation



Total adjusted capital before dividends and regulatory impacts, \$bn



Well-capitalised, resilient solvency position

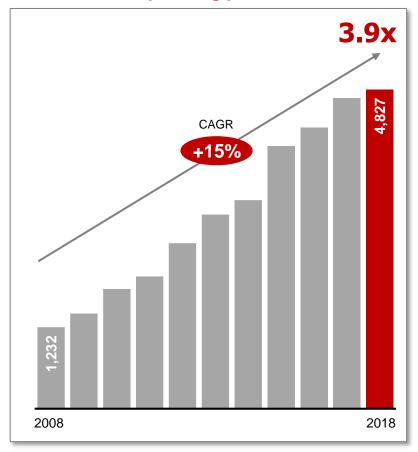


(FY18: 35 RBC pts; FY17: 75 RBC pts)

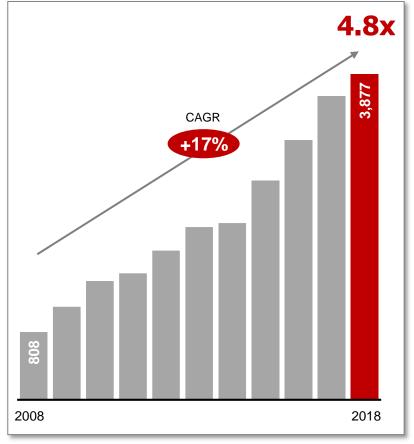


Long-term track record

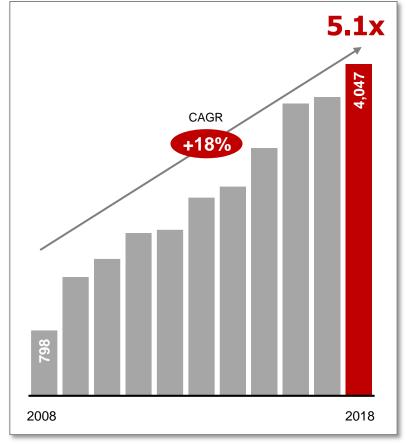
IFRS operating profit^{1,2}, £m



New business profit^{1,2}, £m



Free surplus generation^{1,2,3,4}, £m



⁴ Note 2012 – 2017 excludes contribution from Prudential Capital. 2011 and prior includes contribution from Prudential Capital



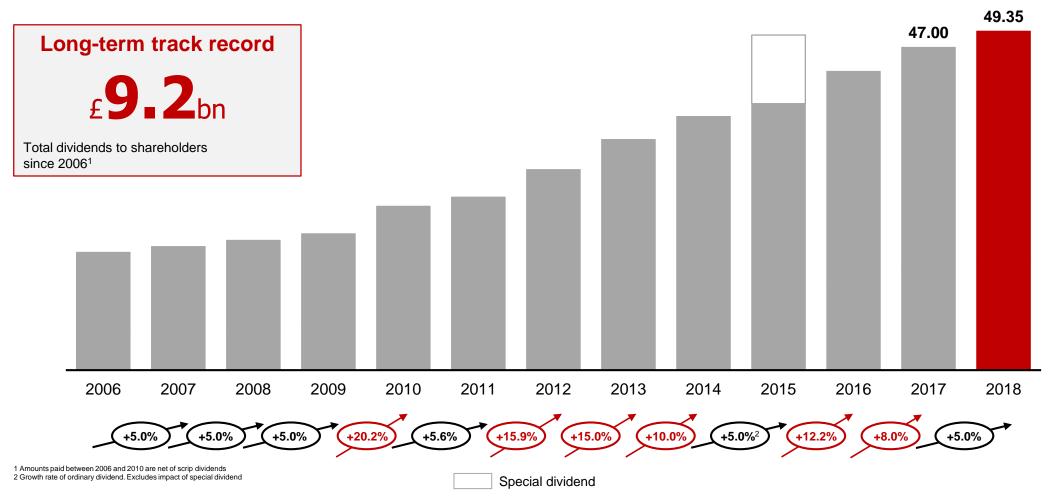
¹ Comparatives have been stated on an actual exchange rate basis

² Comparatives are adjusted for new and amended accounting standards and excludes Korea Life, Japan and Taiwan agency

^{3 2012} includes £51m gain from sale of China Life of Taiwan

GroupDelivering cash

Dividend, pence per share





Group Wrap up

- Delivery of high quality profitable growth
- ₩ M&GP delivering balanced earnings growth, while executing on merger, transformation & demerger
- PCA delivering double digit growth, together with enhancing capabilities
- Jackson demonstrating resilience, capital generation & success in building advisory capability



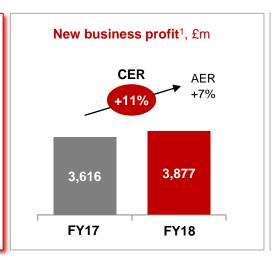
Mark FitzPatrick

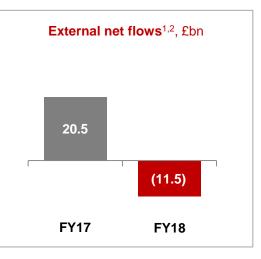
Chief Financial Officer

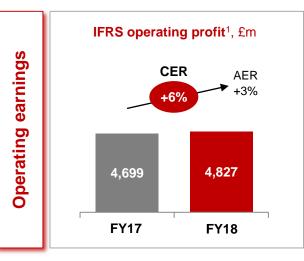


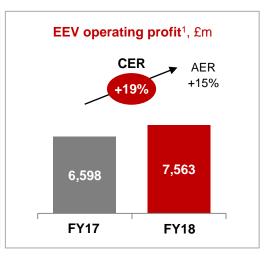
FY18 financial highlights

New business

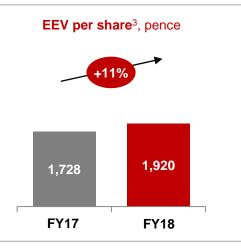


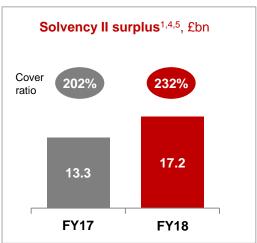


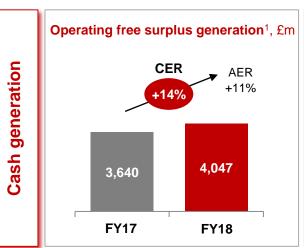


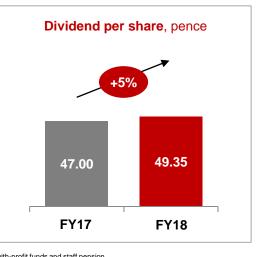


Balance sheet and capital











¹ FY17 comparatives stated on AER basis. AER: Actual exchange rates. CER: Constant exchange rates.

² Excludes money market funds.

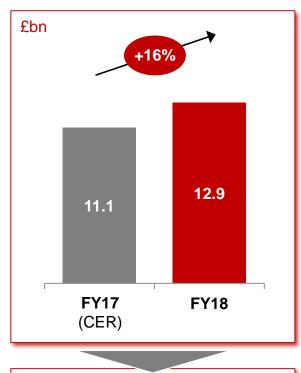
³ Includes goodwill.

⁴ Before allowing for the 2018 second interim ordinary dividend (FY17: before allowing for the 2017 second interim ordinary dividend).

⁵ The Group shareholder position excludes the contribution to the Group Own Funds and the Solvency Capital Requirement of ring-fenced with-profit funds and staff pension schemes in surplus. The solvency positions include management's calculation of UK transitional measures reflecting operating and market conditions at each valuation date, for which both 2018 and 2017 reflects the approved regulatory position.

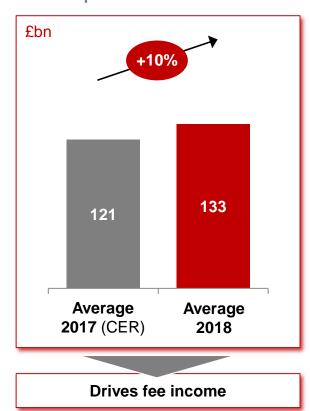
Key drivers of Group financial performance

Asia
Renewal premium income¹

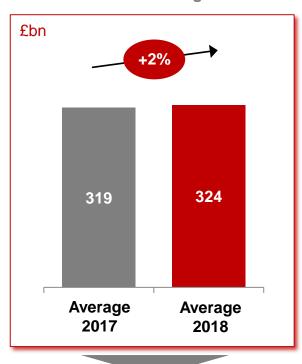


Compounding high quality revenue

US Separate account assets



M&GP Funds under management²



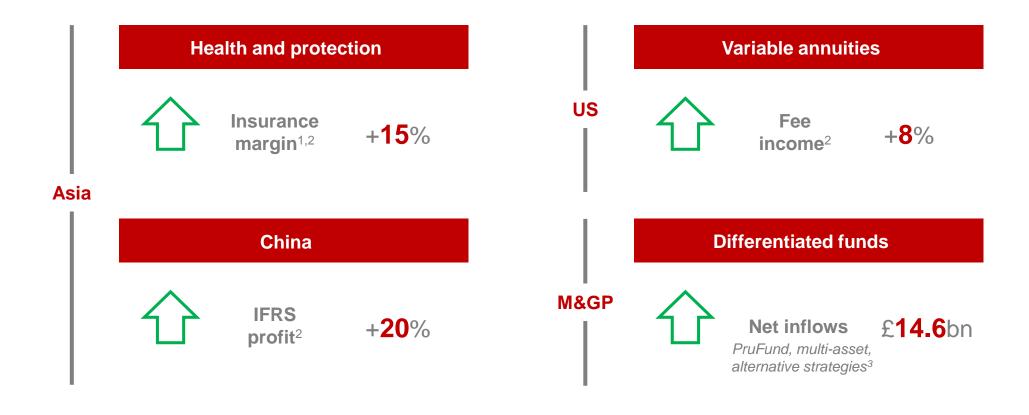
Underpins diverse revenue streams

² Adjusted to exclude £12 billion of assets related to the annuity liabilities reinsured to Rothesay Life in March 2018.



¹ Includes renewal premiums from joint ventures.

Growth aligned to areas of strategic focus



³ Includes PruFund net inflows of £8.5 billion, Wholesale and Direct multi-asset net inflows of £1.9 billion and Institutional net inflows from public debt, infrastructure, property and illiquid strategies of £4.2 billion. M&GPrudential had total outflows of £(8.9) billion.

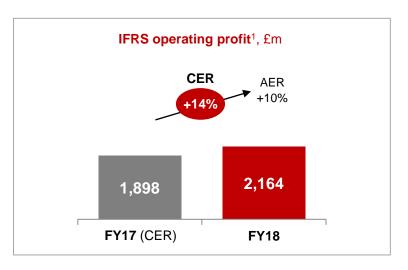


¹ Comprises profits derived from insurance risks of mortality and morbidity, primarily related to health and protection business.

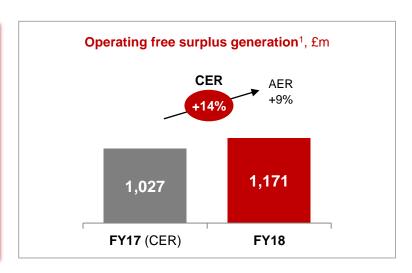
² IFRS operating profit. Percentage increase stated on a constant exchange rate basis.

FY18 financial highlights

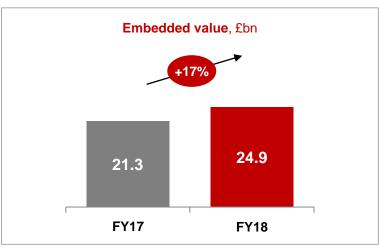
IFRS operating profit



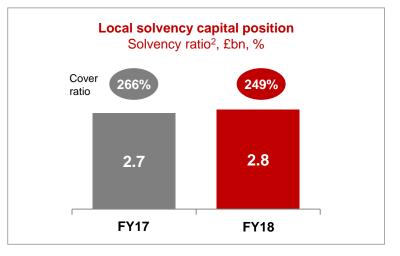
Cash generation



Embedded value







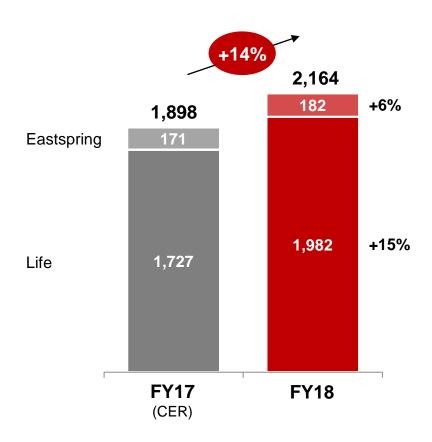
² Local solvency surpius is calculated as the aggregate of available regulatory capital in excess of regulatory minimum capital requirements across all insurance business units. The 2017 cover ratio has been restated, primarily to reflect updates to the calculation of the regulatory minimum capital requirement.



¹ AER: Actual exchange rates. CER: Constant exchange rates

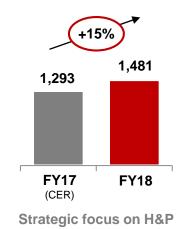
IFRS operating profit

IFRS operating profit, £m



Life: continued high quality growth





Strong country contributions

Growth in IFRS ope	rating profit		
Hong Kong	+33%		
Taiwan	+24%	7 markets with IFRS >£100m	
Singapore	+22%	1FK3 >£100111	
China	+20%	8 markets with insurance margin growing as % of total	
Vietnam	+16%		
Philippines	+13%		

Eastspring: positive operating jaws with revenue growth of 4% and flat costs

- Revenue increase driven by higher average FUM up +10%
- Revenue margin 2bp lower at 29bp¹ as a result of lower equity mix
- 2ppt improvement in cost/income ratio to 55%², reflecting flat costs vs FY17
- YE18 FUM of £151.3bn3 (YE17 £138.9bn), up on life inflows and acquisition of TMBAM

³ Includes external funds under management, internal life insurance funds under management and money market funds.

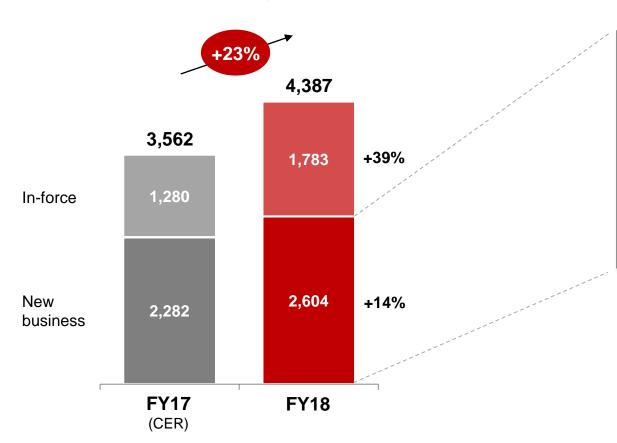


¹ Revenue margin represents operating income before performance related fees as a proportion of the related funds under management. Monthly closing internal and external funds managed by the respective entity have been used to derive the average. Any funds held by the Group's insurance operations that are managed by third parties outside of the Prudential group are excluded from these amounts. FY17 is stated on a constant exchange rate basis.

² Cost/income ratio represents cost as a percentage of operating income before performance related fees. FY17 is stated on a constant exchange rate basis.

EEV life operating profit

EEV life operating profit, £m



¹ India NBP based on Prudential's share of ICICI Prudential's new business profits over the period 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2018, based on operating and economic assumptions as at 31 December 2018.

New business profit

Double digit growth across 10 markets					
Hong Kong	+17%	Philippines	+14%		
China	+14%	Vietnam	+29%		
Singapore	+15%	Thailand	+75%		
Malaysia	+13%	Cambodia	+73 %		
India ¹	+17%	Laos	+29%		

- > Focus on higher margin H&P2:
 - NBP from H&P up +15%
 - H&P accounted for 70% of total NBP
- Double digit NBP growth in 10 markets in the year; and in both agency and bancassurance channels
- Recovery in APE growth through the year:
 - 3 consecutive quarters of YoY growth after slower start to the year
 - Second half growth of +8% vs first half down (4)%



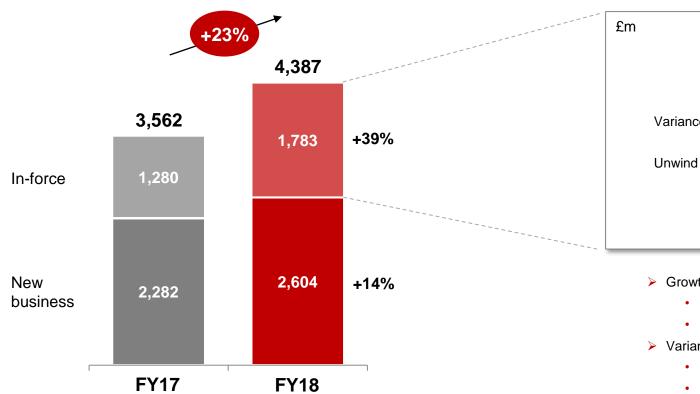
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² H&P: Health and Protection business.

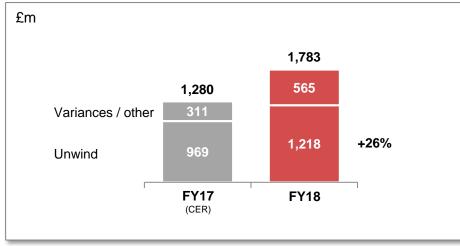
EEV life operating profit

(CER)

EEV life operating profit, £m



In-force profit

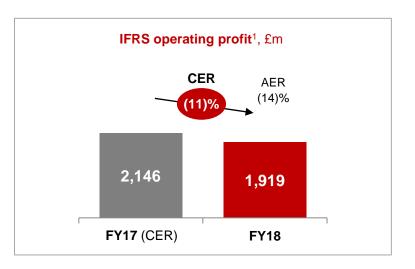


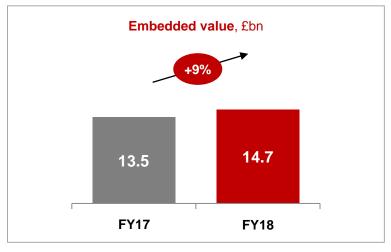
- > Growth in unwind driven by:
 - Increased scale of the life book
 - · Positive overall effects of higher interest rates
- Variances and other reflects:
 - Repricing of in-force business, beneficial tax changes
 - Positive persistency, claims and expense variances and assumption changes



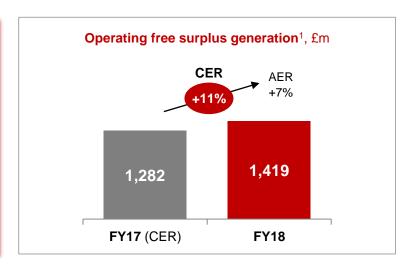
FY18 financial highlights

IFRS operating profit

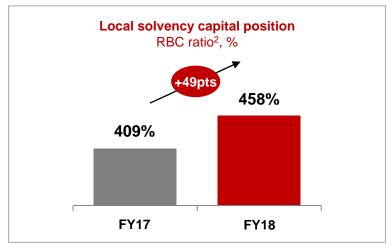




Cash generation



Solvency capital



Embedded value

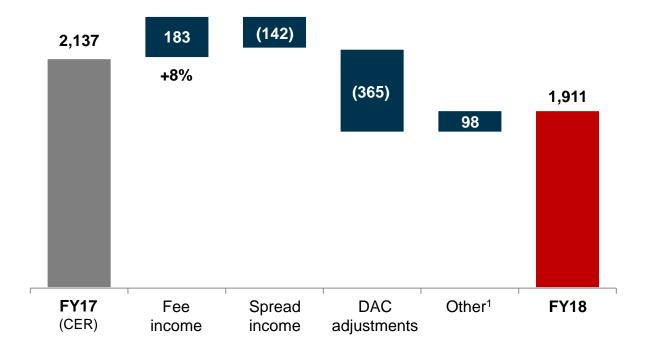


¹ AER: Actual exchange rates. CER: Constant exchange rates.

² Jackson National Life Statutory Risk Based Capital ratio.

Life IFRS operating profit

Jackson life IFRS operating profit, £m



Fee income

- Average separate account assets up +10%
- Stable fee margin of 183bp (FY17 187bp)
- YE18 separate account assets of \$163bn (YE17 \$177bn)

Spread income

- Spread margin decline of (38)bp to 155bp
 - Reduced contribution from swaps accounted for (24)bp
 - Lower underlying portfolio yield of 130bp (FY17 144bp)
- · Reduction in spread margin is moderating

DAC adjustments

- FY18 DAC mean reversion of £(194)m (FY17 £83m)
 - Elimination of weak 2015 separate account return
 - Lower FY18 separate account return than projected
- Expected impact of US\$15.5m de/(ac)celeration in DAC amortisation for every percentage point of out/under performance vs projected separate account return of 7.6%²

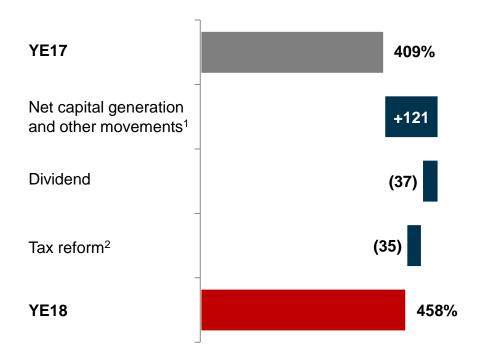
² Projected separate account return of 7.6% represents the calculated forward return for the 5 years 2019 to 2023 under mean reversion approach, given actual separate account returns in 2016, 2017 and 2018



¹ Includes insurance margin, expected return on shareholder assets, acquisition costs and administration costs

RBC statutory solvency position

Jackson RBC solvency capital ratio, %



Resilient performance through 4Q18 market decline - net capital formation

Investor conference messages

- Reserves floored out: 'Statutory reserves will not be required until equity markets have fallen 5-10% from 30 September 2018 levels'
- Rigorous fund selection: Jackson's platform funds 'tend to be defensive in down markets'
- Hedge strategy: 'defensively positioned for equity market downturn'

4Q18 experience

- Capital buffer of floored reserves mitigated impact of market decline
- 4Q SA performance of -11% vs S&P500 decline of -14%
- Hedge portfolio performed as expected, with material gains outweighing reserve movement

Regulatory change

- Tax reform
 - FY17: 75 RBC point reduction from impact of tax reform on DTA
 - FY18: 35 RBC point reduction from impact of tax factors
- C-1 factor update: 30-40 RBC point impact expected in FY20
- NAIC changes to VA framework: 40-50 RBC impact expected from FY20

² As reported at HY18: in June 2018, the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) formally approved changes to RBC capital factors that reflect the December 2017 US tax reform, increasing the level of required risk-based capital, with no impact on total adjusted capital

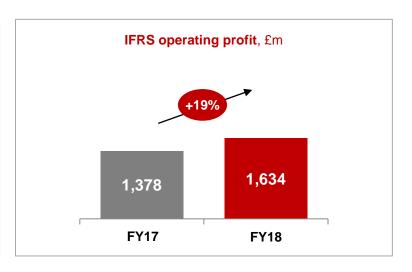


2018 FULL YEAR RESULTS

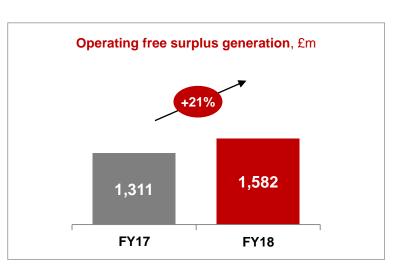
For 2018, includes receipt of \$100m from Brooke Life relating to the sale of NPH.

FY18 financial highlights

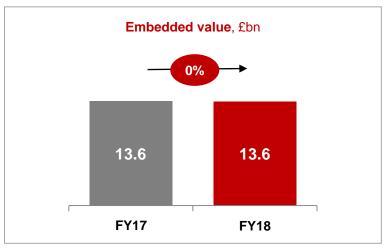
IFRS operating profit



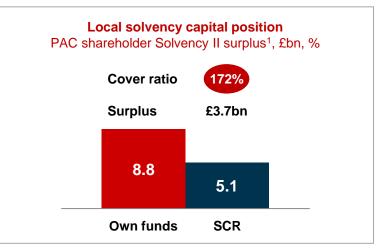
Cash generation



Embedded value



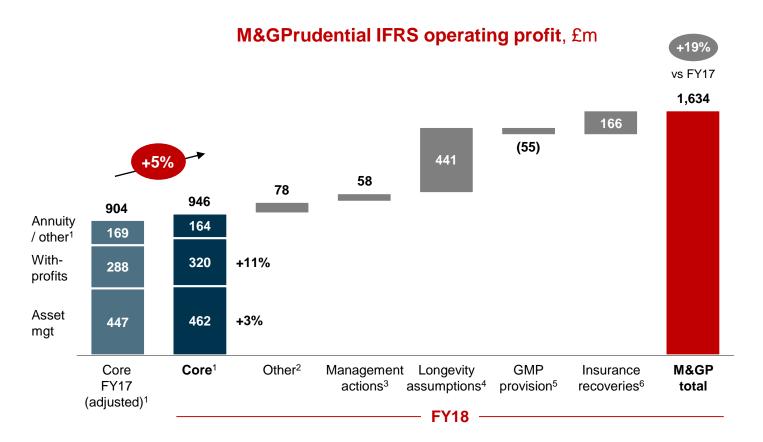




¹ The PAC shareholder position excludes the contribution to the Own Funds and the Solvency Capital Requirement of ring-fenced with-profit funds and staff pension schemes in surplus. The solvency positions include management's calculation of UK transitional measures reflecting operating and market conditions at each valuation date, for which both 2018 and 2017 reflects the approved regulatory position.



IFRS operating profit



Life: underlying growth

- PruFund contribution of £55m, up +30%
- Reduction in annuity earnings in line with expectations following reinsurance of £12bn annuity liabilities
- Longevity release reflects updated actuarial mortality projections and adoption of CMI 2016⁴

Asset management: margin improvement

- Underlying revenue growth of 6% driven by improvement in revenue margin to 40bp (FY17 37bp)⁷
- Lower level of performance fees £15m (FY17 £53m)
- Cost income ratio 59% (FY17 58%)⁸
- Average total FUM flat at £277bn, reflecting weaker market conditions in 2018

5 Provision for guaranteed minimum pension equalisation.



¹ In March 2018, M&GPrudential announced the sale of £12.0 billion (as at 31 December 2017) of its shareholder annuity portfolio to Rothesay Life, with the liabilities reinsured to Rothesay Life on 14 March 2018. As previously disclosed, the UK annuity business sold contributed around £140 million towards UK life insurance core IFRS operating profit before tax in 2017. To provide a meaningful comparison between FY18 and FY17, FY18 has been adjusted down by £35 million on a pro-rata basis to represent a 1Q18 contribution and FY17 has been adjusted down by £140 million to represent a like-for-like contribution from this source.

² Other includes M&G performance-related fees of £15 million (FY17 £53 million), profits from new individual annuities of £9 million (FY17 £9 million), a pro-rata 1Q18 contribution of £35 million from the UK annuity business reinsured to Rothesay Life, and general insurance commission of £19 million (FY17 £17 million).

³ Management actions relate to asset and liability management actions of £58 million (FY17 £245 million) to improve the solvency position of our UK life business and further mitigate market risk, with nil longevity reinsurance transactions (FY17 £31 million).

⁴ Relating to changes to annuitant mortality assumptions to reflect current mortality experience, which has shown a slowdown in life expectancy improvements in recent periods, and the adoption of the Continuous Mortality Investigation (CMI) 2016 model (2017: adoption of CMI 2015 model).

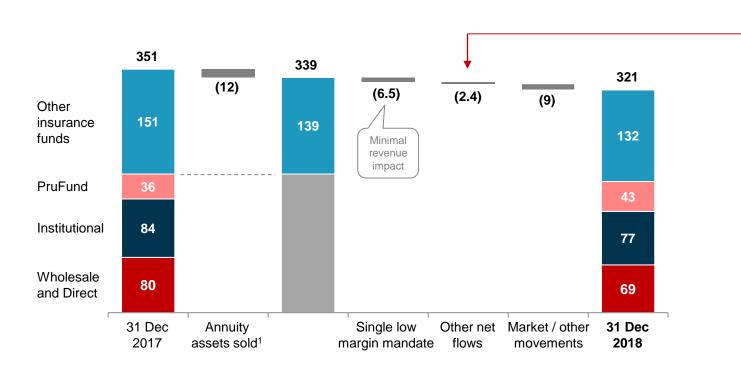
⁶ Insurance recoveries of costs associated with undertaking a review of past annuity sales (FY17 nil).

⁷ Revenue margin represents operating income before performance related fees as a proportion of the related funds under management. Monthly closing internal and external funds managed by the respective entity have been used to derive the average. Any funds held by the Group's insurance operations that are managed by third parties outside the Prudential Group are excluded from these amounts.

⁸ Cost/income ratio represents cost as a percentage of operating income before performance related fees and profit from associate

Asset flows

M&GPrudential total FUM, £bn



Institutional

- Net inflows in infrastructure, public debt, illiquid credit and real estate products
- Strong capital queue

PruFund

• £8.5bn net inflows ~24% of opening FUM

Wholesale & Direct

- · Net inflows in multi-asset funds
- Net outflows in equity and fixed income

Other insurance funds

 Net outflows from maturing annuity and with-profits policies

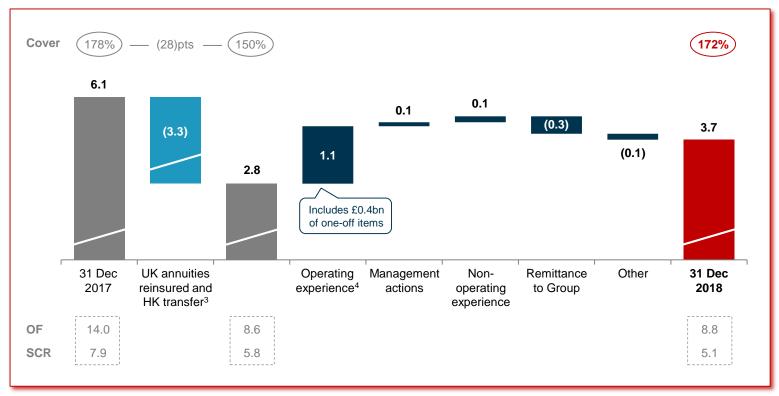


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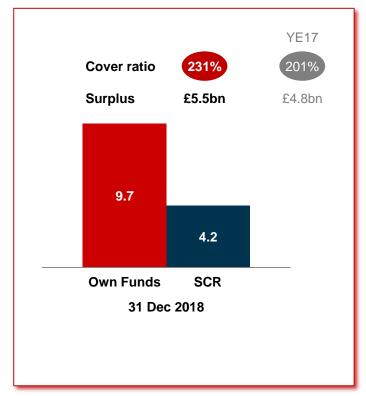
¹ In March 2018, M&G Prudential announced the sale of £12.0 billion (as at 31 December 2017) of its shareholder annuity portfolio to Rothesay Life, with the liabilities reinsured to Rothesay Life on 14 March 2018.

Solvency II capital surplus

Shareholder Solvency II capital surplus^{1,2}, £bn



Policyholder Solvency II capital², £bn



¹ Shareholder Solvency II capital position for Prudential Assurance Company Limited. The UK shareholder capital position excludes the contribution to Own Funds and the Solvency Capital Requirement from ring-fenced with-profit funds and staff pension schemes in surplus.

⁴ Operating experience includes one-off contributions totalling £0.4 billion, comprising longevity assumption changes of £0.4 billion and insurance recoveries of £0.1 billion, partially offset by a provision for guaranteed minimum pension equalisation of £0.1 billion.



² The solvency positions include management's calculation of UK transitional measures reflecting operating and market conditions at each valuation date, for which both 2018 and 2017 reflects the approved regulatory position.

³ In March 2018, the Group announced the intention to demerge M&GPrudential from the rest of the Group. In preparation for the demerger, the Group completed the transfer of the legal ownership of its Hong Kong insurance subsidiaries from Prudential Assurance Company Limited to Prudential Corporation Asia Limited in December 2018. In addition, in March 2018, M&GPrudential reinsured £12.0 billion (as at 31 December 2017) of its shareholder-backed annuity portfolio to Rothesay Life.

Equity shareholders' funds

Operating profit remains key driver of growth

FY18 , £m	IFRS	EEV
Operating profit after tax	4,032	7,563
Loss on corporate actions	(480)	(451)
Investment variance and other	(542)	(2,527)
Net income	3,010	4,585
Unrealised loss on AFS	(1,083)	n/a
Currency movements	348	1,706
Dividend	(1,244)	(1,244)
Other movements	131	37
Change in shareholders' equity	1,162	5,084
Opening shareholders' equity	16,087	44,698
Closing shareholders' equity	17,249	49,782

IFRS

Operating profit

Includes M&G Prudential merger and transformation costs of £99m

Corporate actions

 Primarily reflects loss arising on reinsurance of the UK annuity portfolio sold to Rothesay Life (loss of £508m pre-tax)

Investment variance and other

 Investment variance represents unrealised negative marks on fixed income securities, following the rise in bond yields in the year

Available-for-sale securities

 Higher yields resulted in US AFS securities moving from a net unrealised gain to a net unrealised loss position of £414m

EEV

Investment variance and other

 Investment variance reflects unrealised negative marks on fixed income securities, following the rise in bond yields in the year, together with a reduction in the level of expected future fees on lower US VA asset values following the decline in equity markets in 2018

Currency movements

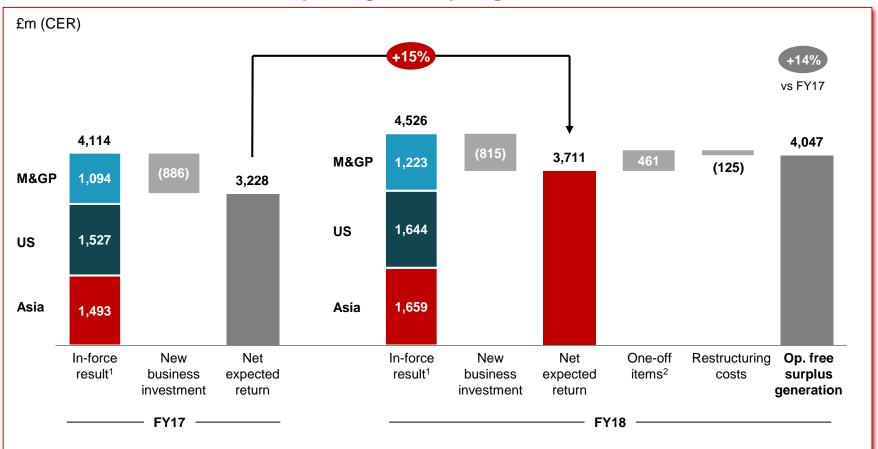
 FX gains mainly resulting from USD movements on Hong Kong and US shareholders' funds



Group free surplus generation

Growing contributions from in-force life portfolios and asset management

Operating free surplus generation



New business profit / new business investment

2018 4.8x

2017 3.9x

Other free surplus movements, £m

Closing free surplus	8,894
Opening free surplus	7,578
Total net movement	1,316
FX, timing differences, other	(236)
Cash remitted to Group	(1,732)
Non-operating result	(763)
Operating result	4,047

² Relates to UK one-off items stated on a post-tax basis (FY17 £392 million). FY18 includes change in longevity assumptions of £364 million, management actions of £54m, insurance recoveries of £138 million and a provision of £(95) million for guaranteed minimum pension equalisation.



¹ For life: expected transfer from in-force to free surplus and expected return on opening free surplus; for asset management and other: post-tax IFRS profit for the period; for UK, also includes post-tax IFRS profit for the period relating to general insurance.

Holding company cash

Strong liquidity position

Movement in holding company cash

£m FY17		FY17	FY18	
1.	January	2,626	2,264	
Re	emittances to Group	1,788	1,732	
	Asia	645	699	
	US	475	342	
	UK	643	654	
	Other	25	37	
Сє	entral outflows	(470)	(430)	
Div	vidends paid	(1,159)	(1,244)	
Ot	her movements ¹	(521)	914	
31	December	2,264	3,236	

Diversified sources of Group liquidity

- Holding company cash at YE18 of £3.2bn
- MTN programme of £10bn
- Access to £2.6bn of undrawn credit facilities

Core borrowings

- YE18 core structural debt increased to £7.7bn (YE17 £6.3bn) to support M&GPrudential demerger debt rebalancing
- Reflects £1.6bn equivalent sub-debt raised in October 2018 and redemption of \$550m sub-debt in December 2018 (net increase of £1.2bn)

¹ Includes net debt issuance, corporate activities and payments for distribution rights.

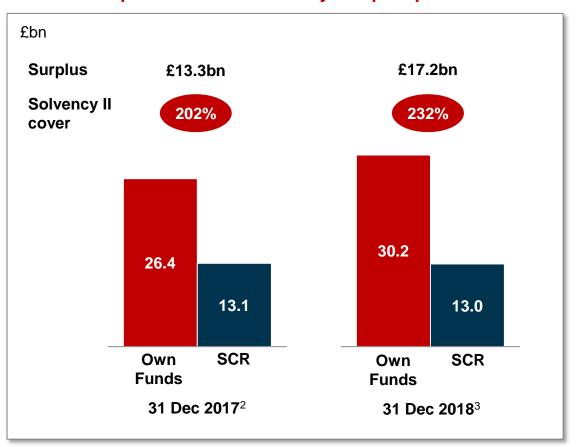


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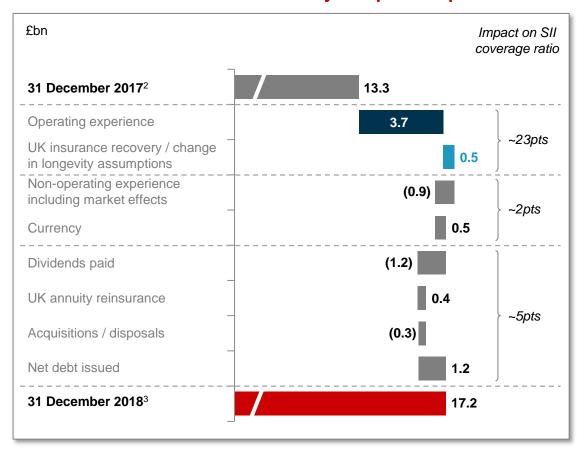
Solvency II

Robust solvency capital position

Group shareholder Solvency II capital position¹



FY18 movement in Solvency II capital surplus¹



¹ The Group shareholder position excludes the contribution to the Group Own Funds and the Solvency Capital Requirement of ring-fenced with-profit funds and staff pension schemes in surplus. The solvency positions include management's calculation of UK transitional measures reflecting operating and market conditions at each valuation date, for which both 2018 and 2017 reflects the approved regulatory position.

³ Before allowing for the 2018 second interim ordinary dividend

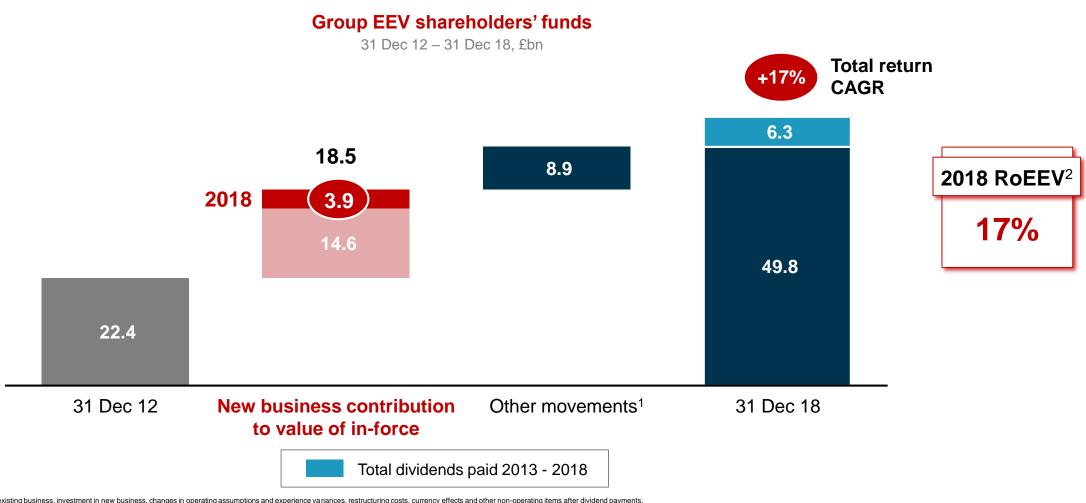


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² Before allowing for the 2017 second interim ordinary dividend

Group embedded value

Growth in value and cash, driven by new business



¹ Includes expected return on existing business, investment in new business, changes in operating assumptions and experience variances, restructuring costs, currency effects and other non-operating items after dividend payments.
2 ROEEV: Return on European Embedded Value is calculated as the EEV post-tax operating profit based on longer-term investment returns, as a percentage of opening EEV basis shareholders' funds.





Appendix

2018 Full Year Results

Contents: Share information and contact details	[41]
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Prudential

Share information and contact details

PUK.N

Share information

London Stock Exchange: PRU.L

Hong Kong Stock Exchange: 2378

New York Stock Exchange –

American Depositary Receipt (ADR)

Singapore Stock Exchange: K65

Number of issued ordinary shares of five 2,593,044,409

pence each fully paid-up at 31 Dec 2018

Trading information

Country Code GB

Country of Register Great Britain (UK) **ISIN** GB0007099541

 SEDOL
 0709954

 Segment
 SET1

 Normal market size
 150000

Sub-sector Life Assurance

Dividend information

Second interim dividend of 33.68 pence per share

Ex-dividend date:

• 28 March 2019 (UK, Ireland, Singapore and Hong Kong)

Record date:

• 29 March 2019

Payment of dividend:

- 17 May 2019 (UK, Ireland and Hong Kong)
- On or about 24 May 2019 (Singapore and ADR holders)

Contact information

Shareholder enquiries

For enquiries about shareholdings, including dividends and lost share certificates, please contact the Company Registrars:

By post

Equiniti Limited, Aspect House Spencer Road, Lancing West Sussex BN99 6DA

By telephone

Tel 0871 384 2035 Fax 0871 384 2100 Textel 0871 384 2255 (for hard of hearing)

Prudential plc

Laurence Pountney Hill London EC4R 0HH Tel +44 (0)20 7220 7588

Institutional Analyst and Investor enquiries

Tel +44 (0)20 7548 3300

E-mail investor.relations@prudential.co.uk

Media enquiries

Tel +44 (0)20 7548 2776 E-mail media.relations@prudential.co.uk

L-mail media.relations@pradential.co.dk

UK Register Private Shareholder enquiries

Tel 0871 384 2035 International shareholders Tel +44 (0) 371 384 2035

Irish Branch Register Private Shareholder enquiries

Tel +353 1 553 0050

Hong Kong Branch Register Private Shareholder enquiries

Tel +852 2862 8555

US American Depositary Receipts Holder enquiries

Tel +1 651 453 2128

The Central Depository (Pte) Limited Shareholder enquiries

Tel +65 6535 7511



Prudential plc

Group history

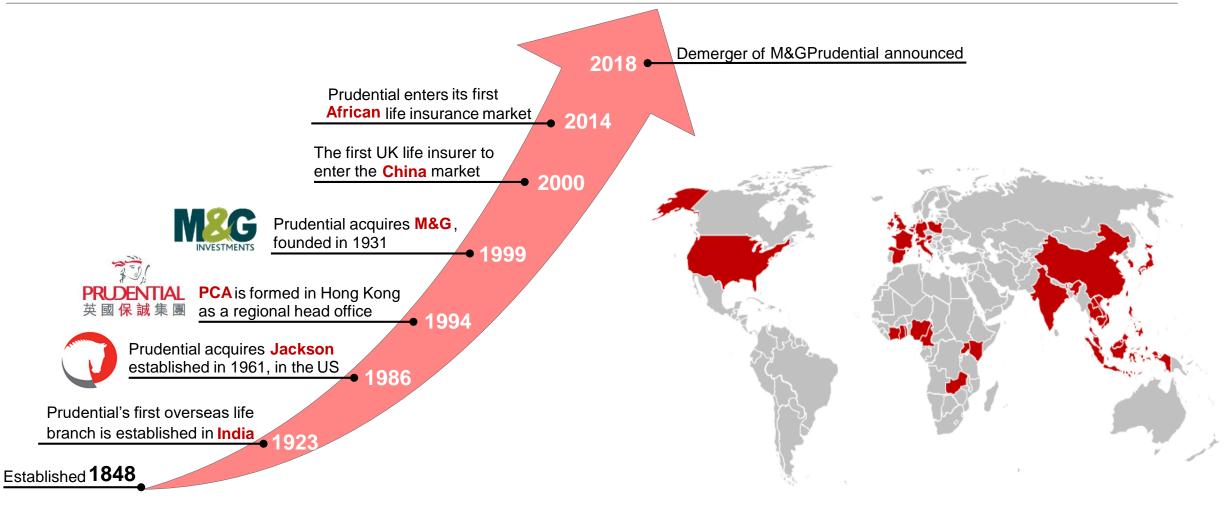
Providing financial security since

1848

Life insurance customers worldwide

Total funds under management

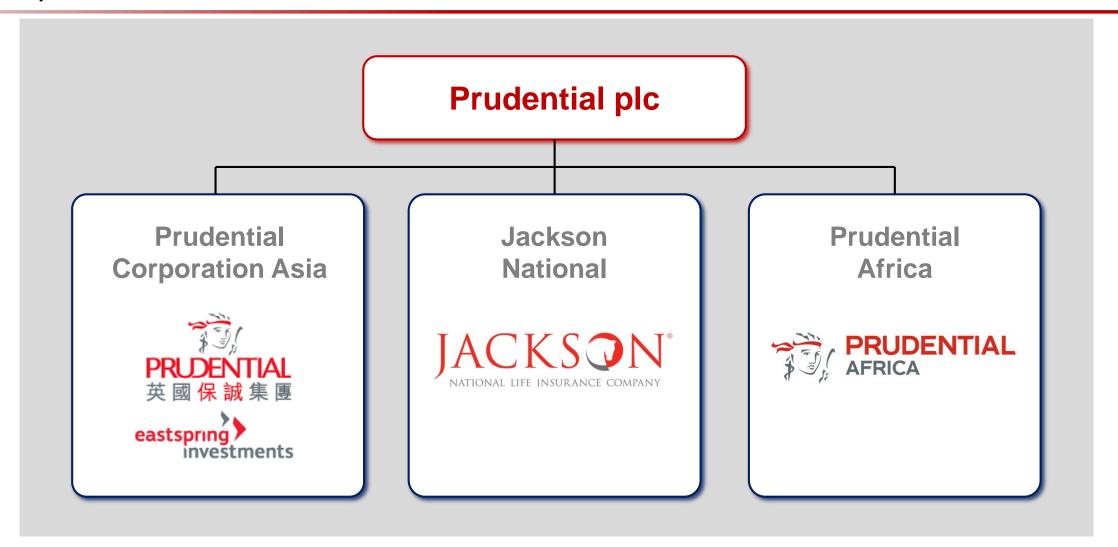
£657bn





Prudential plc post demerger

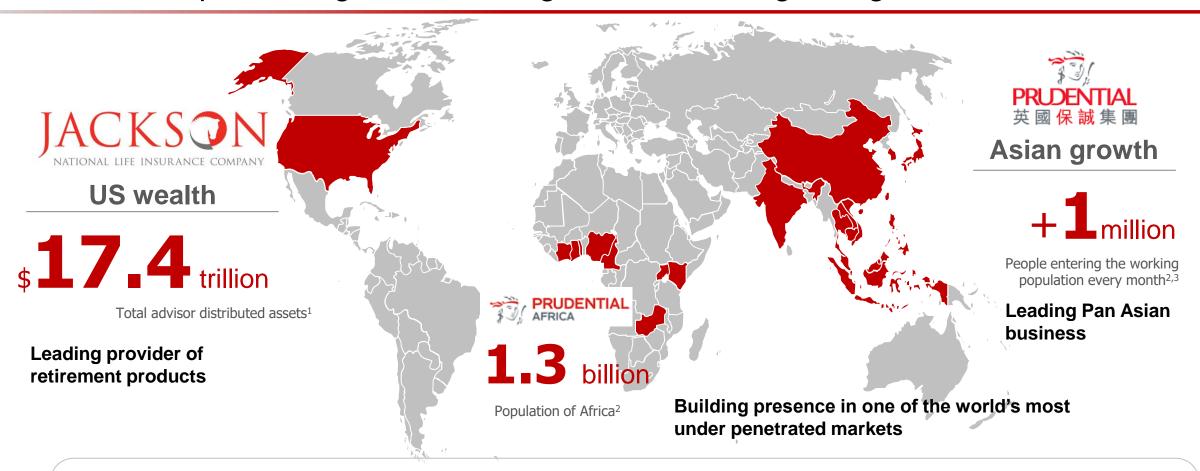
Group





Prudential plc post demerger: structural opportunity

Prudential's positioning in world's largest and fastest growing markets



Total FIIM4

£334bn

Markets' share of global GDP⁵

48%

Access to population²

4.2_{bn}

Life insurance customers

20_m

PRUDENTIAL

^{1.} The Cerulli report, The State of U.S. Retail and Institutional Asset Management, 2018, IRI Retirement Fact Book 2018 and Jackson analysis. Net of existing annuity assets.

^{2.} United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2017). World Population Prospects: The 2017 revision.

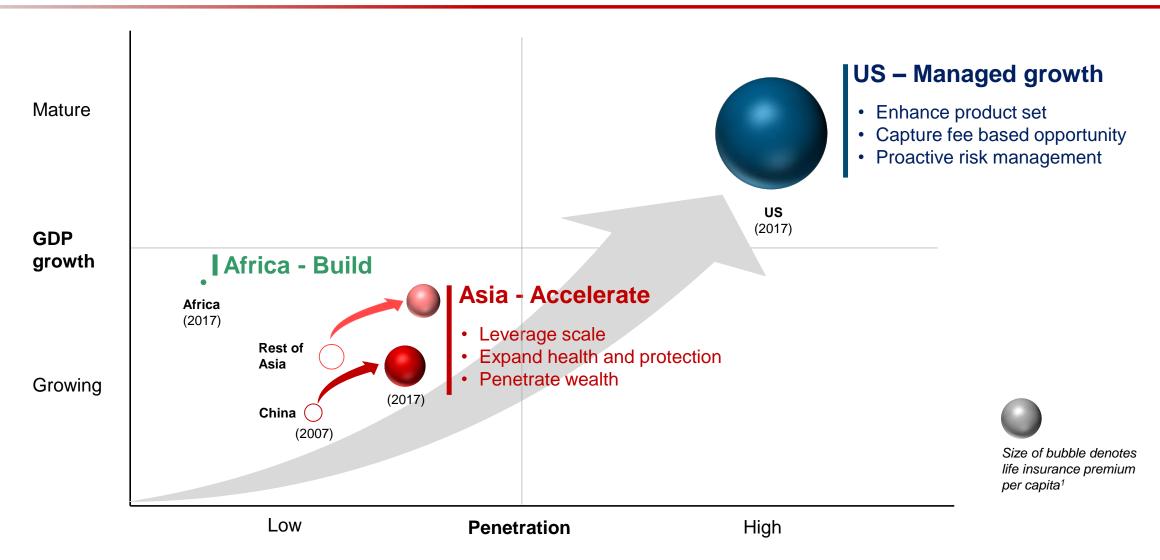
^{3.} Working age population: 15-64 years.

^{4.} As at 31 December 2018.

Source: IMF. 2017 GDP at October 2018 current prices.

Prudential plc post demerger: structural opportunity

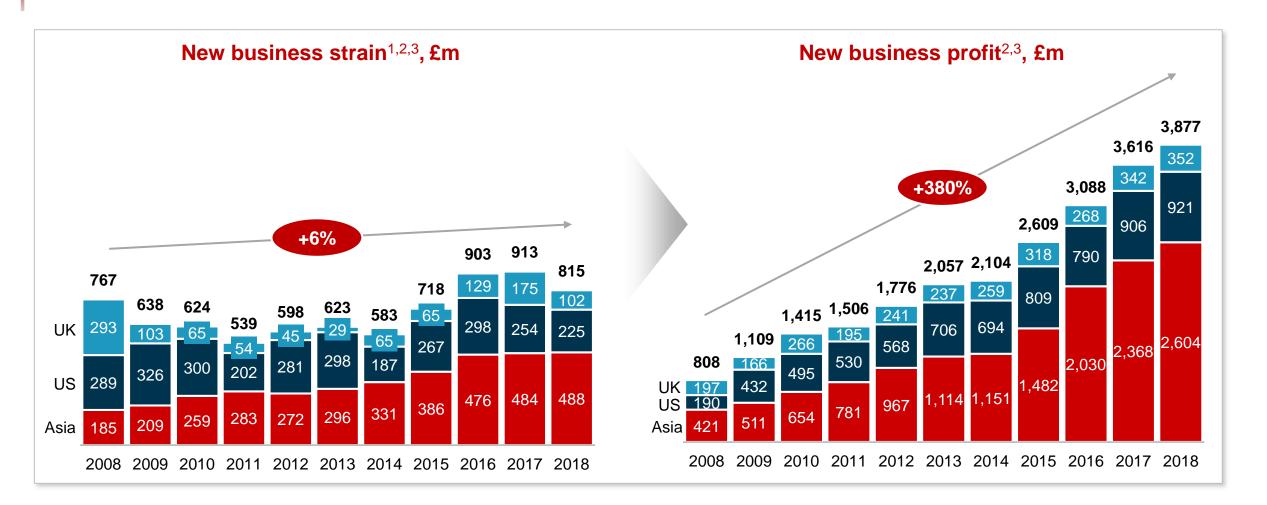
Global growth markets







New business capital allocation and returns



^{1.} Free surplus invested in new business.

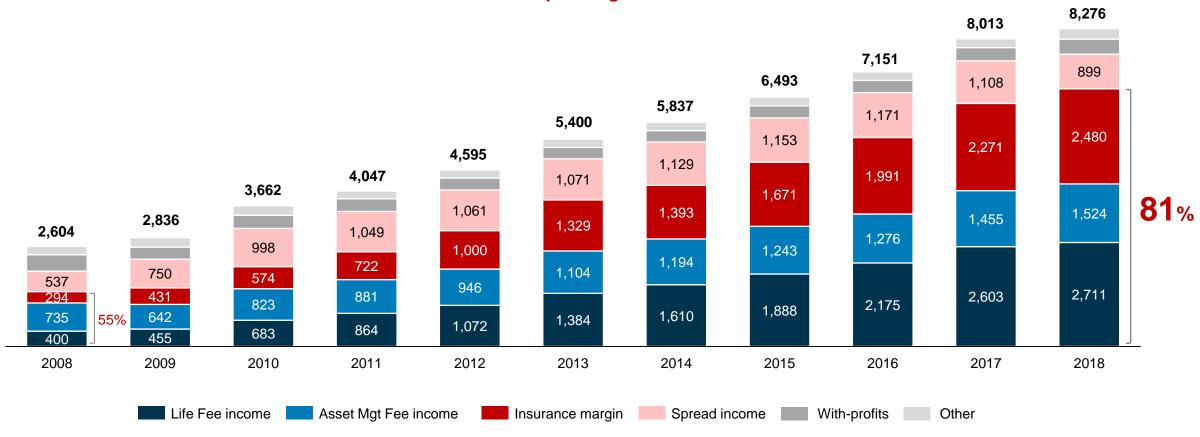
^{3.} As reported AER. Comparatives back to 2008 have been restated to exclude the contribution from the Korea Life, Japan Life and Taiwan Agency insurance businesses. FY2014 comparatives have been restated to exclude the contribution from the sold PruHealth and PruProtect businesses. FY2008 to FY2013 comparatives include the results of PruHealth and PruProtect.



^{2.} On a post tax basis.

Growth in high quality earnings





^{1.} Comparatives adjusted for new and amended accounting standards.

^{5.} Excludes contribution from Prudential Capital. All historic comparatives have been restated to exclude the contribution from Prudential Capital.

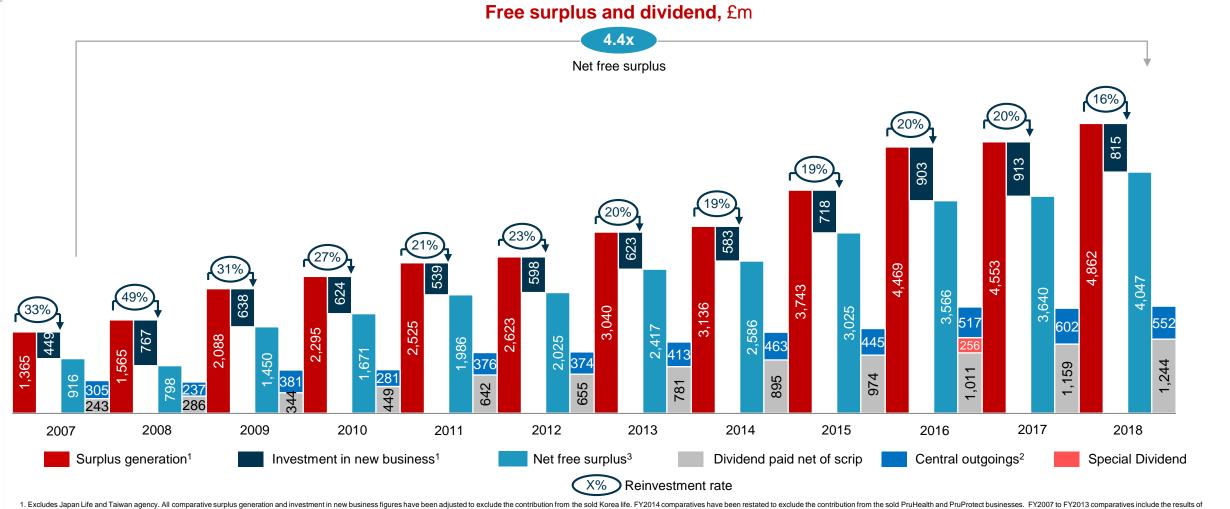


^{2.} Comparatives have been stated on an actual exchange rate basis.

^{3.} Excludes Japan Life, Taiwan agency, Korea Life and NPH Holdings. FY14 comparatives have been restated to exclude the contribution from the sold PruHealth and PruProtect businesses. FY08 to FY13 comparatives include the results of PruHealth and PruProtect.

^{4.} Excludes longevity reinsurance transactions of FY18: £166m (FY17: £31m); other management actions to improve solvency of FY18: £441m (FY17: £245m); longevity assumption changes of FY18: £245m); insurance recoveries of costs associated with review of past annuity sales of FY18: £166m (FY17:nil); a provision for the review of past annuity sales of FY18: nil (FY17: £225m); and provision for guaranteed minimum pension equalisation of £55m (FY17:nil).

Free surplus generation



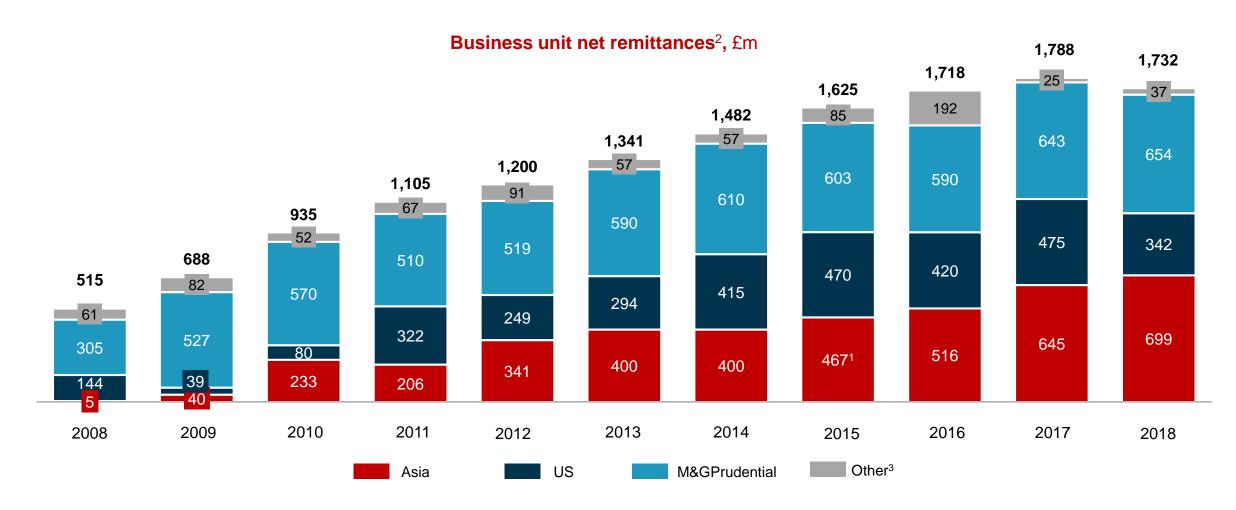
PruHealth and PruProtect. As reported (AER).

^{3. 2012} to 2016 restated to exclude contribution from PruCap. 2011 and prior includes contribution from PruCap.



^{2.} Central outgoings include Asia RHO costs.

Cash remittances to Group



^{1.} Includes £42 million of proceeds from the sale of Japan.

^{3.} Includes remittances from Prudential Capital.



^{2.} As reported AER.

GroupDividend policy

grow the ordinary

dividend by 5 per cent per annum

potential for additional

distributions

The Board will maintain its focus on delivering a growing ordinary dividend. In line with this policy, Prudential aims to grow the ordinary dividend by 5 per cent per annum. The potential for additional distributions will continue to be determined after taking into account the Group's financial flexibility across a broad range of financial metrics and our assessment of opportunities to generate attractive returns by investing in specific areas of the business.

Range of financial metrics

- IFRS earnings
- Free surplus generation
- Holding company cash
- Free surplus 'stock'
- Solvency II surplus
- Local solvency surplus
- Financial strength ratings

Stress tested

Assessment of dividend affordability unchanged

- 1/25 year stress on financial KPIs¹
- Country level cash
- Group liquidity
- Buffer for regulatory change and 'shocks'

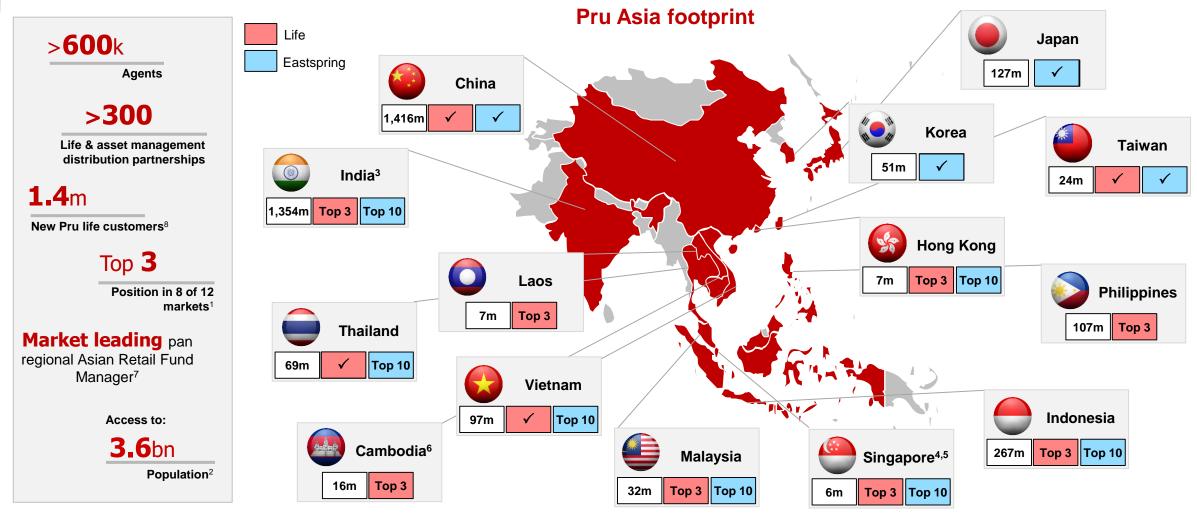
Competing use of capital

- Investment in growth
- Funding corporate activity

1. 1/25 year stress is equivalent to a Group-wide scenario with movements in all risks including a fall in equity levels, a fall in long-term interest rates and spreads widening in both A-rated and BBB-rated credit.



Leading pan-regional franchise



Note: As at December 2018, unless stated otherwise.

^{1.} Top 3 in 8 of 12 countries. Source: Based on formal (Competitors' results release, local regulators and insurance associations) and informal (industry exchange) market share data. Ranking based on new business (APE or weighted FYP depending on the availability of data).

United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects 2017 Revision.
 Ranking amongst private players, share among all players on a fiscal year basis excluding Group business.

Excludes Group business.

^{5.} Singapore includes onshore only, excluding Eldershield and DPS.

First year gross premiums.

^{7.} Source: Asia Asset Management - Fund Manager Surveys. Based on assets sourced in Asia ex-

Japan, Australia and New Zealand. Ranked according to participating firms only

^{8.} Excludes India

PRUDENTIAL

Favourable dynamics

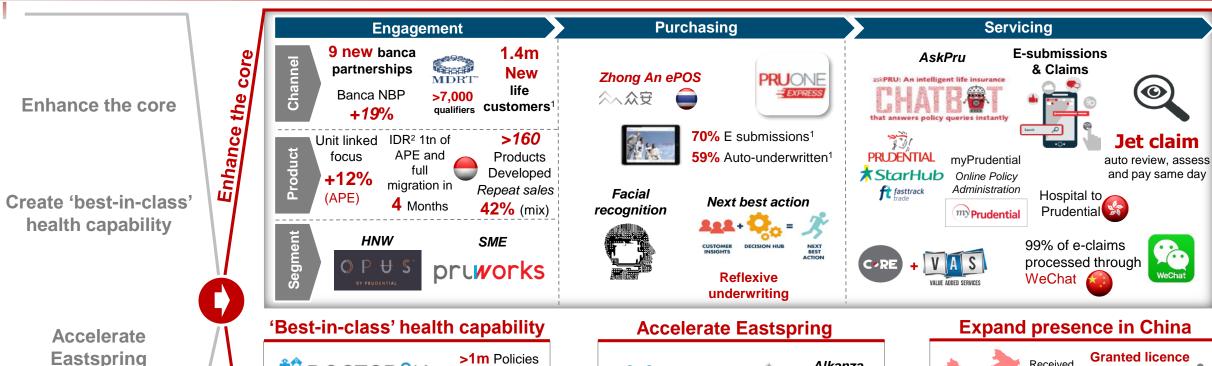
	Population ² (m)	Market penetration ³ (%)	GDP ¹ (\$bn)	GDP growth ¹ (%)	_
Cambodia (2013)	16	0.1%	24	7.0%	
China (2000)	1,416	2.7%	13,457	6.6%	
Hong Kong (1964)	7	14.6%	360	3.8%	
o India (2000)	1,354	2.8%	2,690	7.3%	
Indonesia (1995)	267	1.9%	1,005	5.1%	
Laos (2015)	7	0%	18	6.8%	
Malaysia (1924)	32	3.3%	347	4.7%	
Philippines (1996)	107	1.2%	332	6.5%	
Singapore (1931)	6	6.6%	347	2.9%	
Taiwan (1999)	24	17.9%	603	2.7%	
Thailand (1995)	69	3.6%	490	4.6%	
Vietnam (1999)	97	1.3%	241	6.6%	

^{1.} Source: IMF 2018 forecast data. Published October 2018.

United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division, World Population Prospects 2017 Revision.
 Market penetration: Swiss Re (Sigma) – based on insurance premiums as a percentage of GDP in 2017 (estimated).

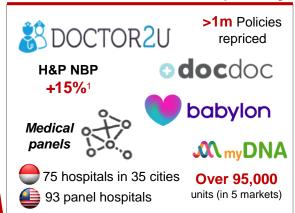
⁽YYYY) Operation's start date

Execution of strategic priorities



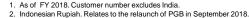
Expand presence in China

PRUDENTIAL



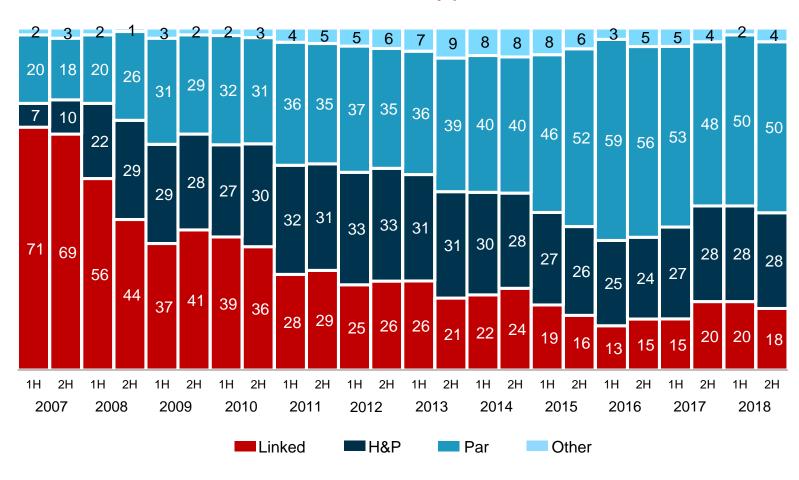






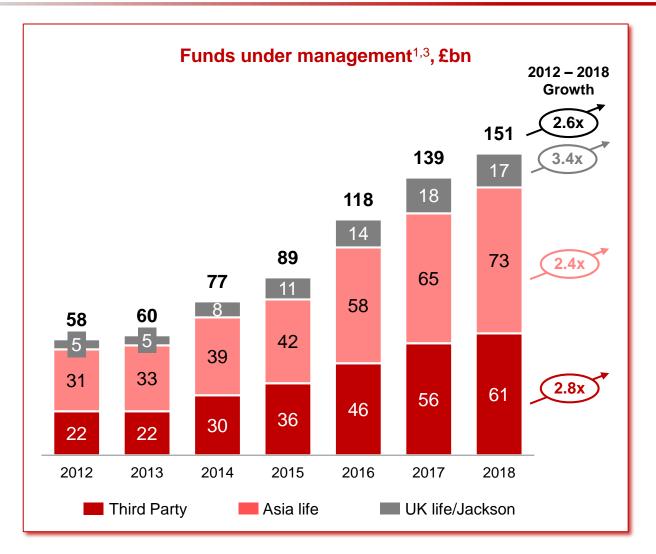
Product mix

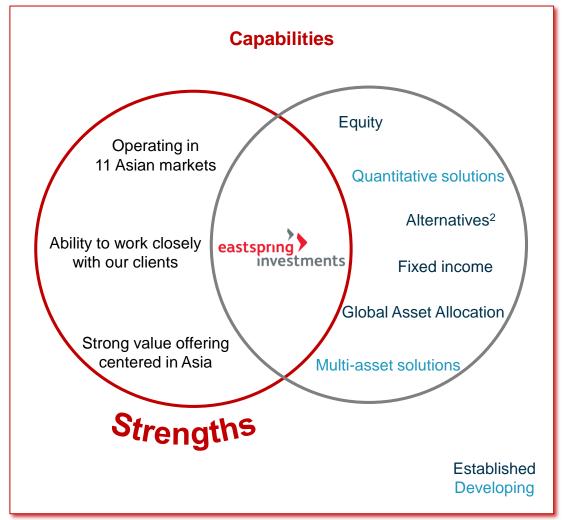
Asia Life APE sales by product¹, %





Eastspring Investments





As reported (AER).

^{2.} Infrastructure, private equity, syndicated loans.

^{3.} Eastspring funds under management presented includes Money Market Funds (MMF).

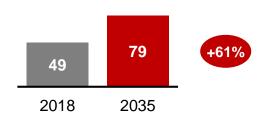
Long-term retirement opportunity

Structural opportunity

Demographic shifts

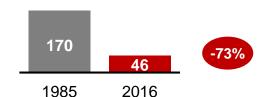
Ageing population¹

Population over 65, millions

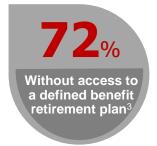


Declining pensions²

of defined benefit plans, thousands

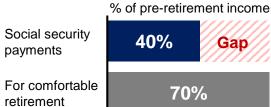


Significant and growing gap



Coverage gap

Not enough American workers have access to a defined benefit retirement plan.



Savings gap⁴

Inadequate savings for comfortable retirement





Consumer needs

Survey outcomes⁶



Think Social Security will not provide enough income for retirement



Are very or somewhat interested in lifetime income



80%

Are willing to pay more for guaranteed lifetime income



^{1.} Social Security Administration

U.S department of Labor, "Private Pension Plan Bulletin Historical Tables and Graphs 1975 – 2016". December 2018.
 U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey: Employee Benefits in the United States, March 2017.

Social Security Administration. Based on average earnings.
 PSCA. Plan Sponsor Council of America.

^{6.} The Language of Retirement 2017 – study conducted on behalf of the Insured Retirement Institute and Jackson.

Jackson positioning in US retirement markets

Jackson positioning

Enhance

Our market-leading VA position in the **brokerage** market

Brokerage

Industry

Jackson

19% VA market share

726 selling agreements

>30% market share in VA1

Grow

In the **advisory** retirement solutions market

Advisory

Industry **10%** VA market share

Jackson **170** selling agreements

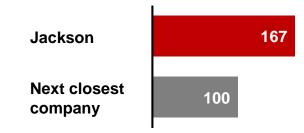
>50% market share in VA1

\$17.4_{tn} of US advisor distributed assets³

Largest and most productive variable annuity wholesaling force²

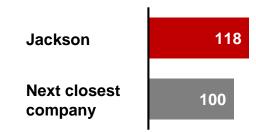
VA wholesalers at 30 September 2018

(Closest peer rebased to 100)



3Q18 YTD VA sales per wholesaler

(Closest peer rebased to 100)

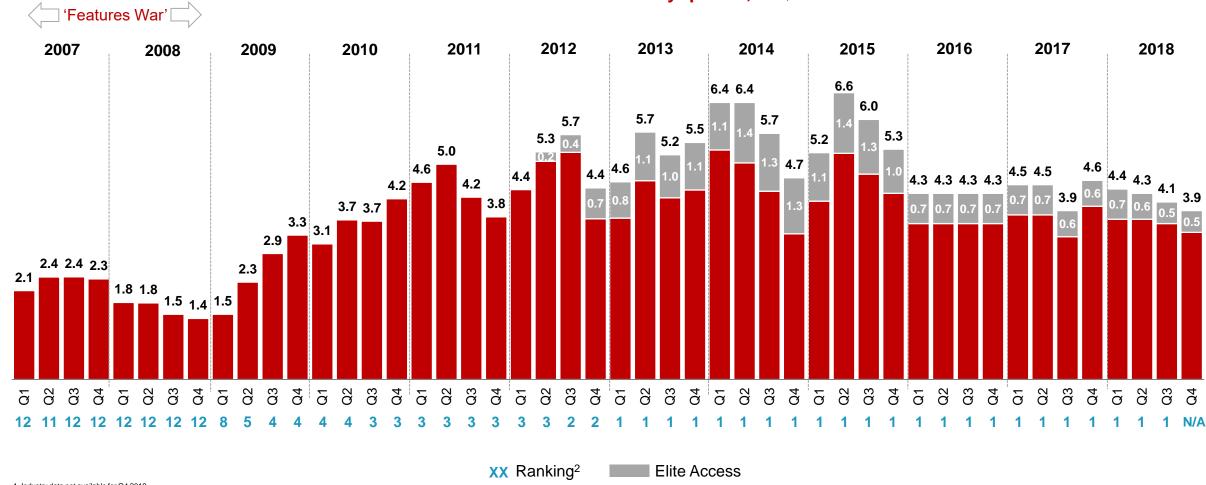


Market share data only includes firms that have selling agreements with Jackson.

^{2.} Independent Research and Market Metrics, a Strategic Insight Business.

Variable annuity volumes

Jackson VA sales volumes by quarter, US\$bn

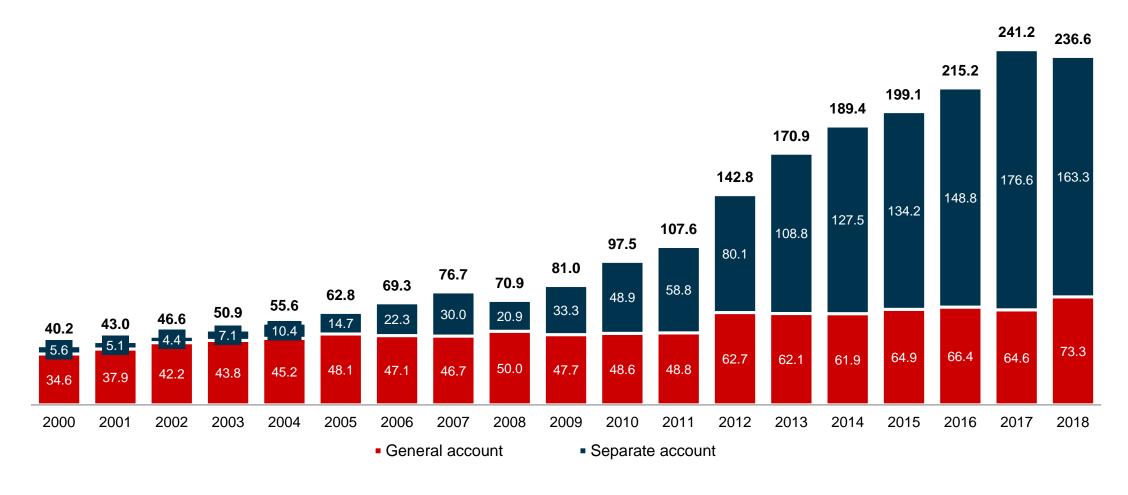


1. Industry data not available for Q4 2018. 2. Morningstar Annuity Research Center.



Statutory admitted assets

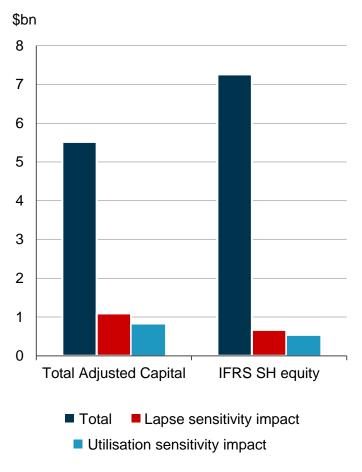
Jackson growth in statutory admitted assets, US\$bn





GMWB policyholder behaviour sensitivities

Jackson GMWB policyholder behaviour sensitivities, 31 December 2018



- Policyholder behaviour experience is continuously monitored and a comprehensive study is conducted on an annual basis.
- ➤ For IFRS and Statutory accounting purposes, assumptions are set at the conservative end of the plausible range (i.e. best estimate with an explicit margin for conservatism). For example;
 - ➤ Lapse Lifetime GMWB¹ ultimate lapse assumptions at significantly ITM² levels are less than 2.3% for utilising policyholder (subject to lapse cap of 1.5% when funds are significantly depleted)
 - ➤ Utilisation Lifetime GMWB¹ utilisation assumptions at attained ages 65+ are 53-92% (with special provisions for benefits with incentives to delay withdrawals)
- ➤ To measure the sensitivity to these assumptions, IFRS Equity and Statutory Total Adjusted Capital (TAC) were computed under severe shocks to these already conservative assumptions. The shocks were as follows:
 - ▶ Lapse lapse rates for ITM² policies were reduced to two-thirds of the assumed levels, resulting in ultimate lapse rates of approximately 1.5% for utilising policyholders
 - ➤ Utilisation utilisation rates beyond the bonus period, if applicable, were increased by 10% (i.e. 110% of the best estimate assumption).



GMWB Guaranteed minimum withdrawal benefits
 ITM In the money

USStatutory capital

	Jackson total adjusted capital
	US\$bn
31 December 2017	4.3
Operating profit	1.0
Reserves net of hedging and other effects	0.5
Other market-related movements ¹	(0.2)
Dividend	(0.5)
Change in DTA / other ²	0.4
31 December 2018	5.5

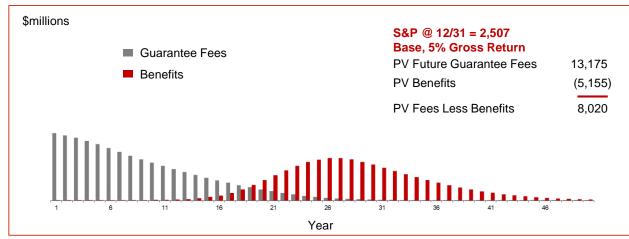
- Continued strong operating profit
- Hedging program continues to effectively mitigate risks
- Significant remittance despite tax reform impact
- Higher capital levels led to increased recognition of deferred tax assets
- ▶ Well-capitalised with RBC ratio of 458% at YE18

Relates to impact of market movements on CARVM balance and realised/unrealised movements on non-VA related business.
 For 2018, includes receipt of \$100m from Brooke Life relating to the sale of NPH.

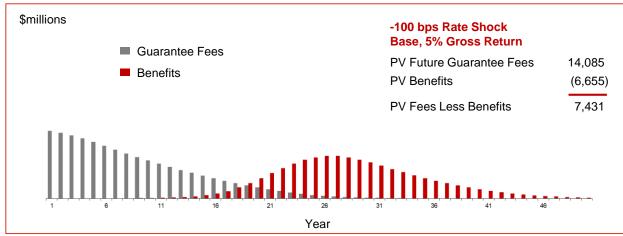


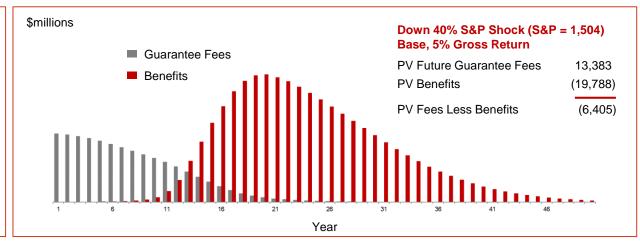
Unhedged economic profile of GMWB guarantees

Jackson unhedged GMWB cash flow exposure, as at 31 December 2018



- Includes guarantee fees only
- Uses prudent best estimate assumptions (AG43/VM-21, C3P2)
- 5% gross return is well below historical average market return
- Ignores guarantee fees collected to date and reserves (total VA reserves increased over 2018 by ~\$2.7bn)
- PV of future GMWB fees exceeds PV of benefits over a wide range of market shocks
- Negative cash flow is far into future even in bad scenarios
- No material strain on liquidity in any given year
- Down 40% S&P shock scenario ignores total VA equity hedge payoff of ~\$19bn







Variable annuity DAC mean reversion

- ➤ For annuity products, DAC¹ amortisation for GAAP & IFRS reporting purposes is largely determined by historical and projected spread or fee income. For variable annuities, market movements can displace the account balance underlying the determination of fee income, distorting the account balance pattern resulting in acceleration or deceleration of DAC amortisation. Mean reversion is an industry accepted approach used to partially normalise this pattern.
- > The parameters used by Jackson are in line with practice:
 - Returns normalised over an 8-year period: 3-year look back (historical), 5-year look forward (mean reversion rate)
 - Long-term gross return assumption of 7.4% (net of external fund management fees)
 - Mean reversion cap of 15% and floor of 0% for the 5-year forward period

Impact on results of DAC amortisation, £m

impact on results of DAO amortisation, 2m					
	20174	2018			
Gross profits ²	2,830	2,784			
New business strain ³	(213)	(190)			
DAC amortisation -Core -(Acceleration)/deceleration- from drop of T-3 return -(Acceleration)/deceleration- from current year return	(489) (5) 91	(489) (67) (127)			
Operating result	2,214	1,911			
Core as % of gross profits	17.3%	17.6%			

^{1.} DAC Deferred acquisition costs

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Current period market return

Drivers of VA DAC acceleration/deceleration

Market growth < MR	Market growth > MR
In current period AGP and future EGP	↑ In current period AGP and future EGP
↑ In MR rate, subject to 15% cap	In MR rate, subject to 0% floor
In current period AGP and future EGP	↑ In current period AGP and future EGP

Rule of thumb: Acceleration/deceleration is \$15.5m per 1% SA growth under/over MR

Return from 3 Years Ago-dropping out of MR window

Market growth < MR	Market growth > MR
In MR rate, subject to 0% floor	↑ In MR rate, subject to 15% cap
In future EGPs	↑ In future EGPs

AGP= Actual (historical) gross profits EGP= Expected (projected future) gross profits MR= Mean reversion rate



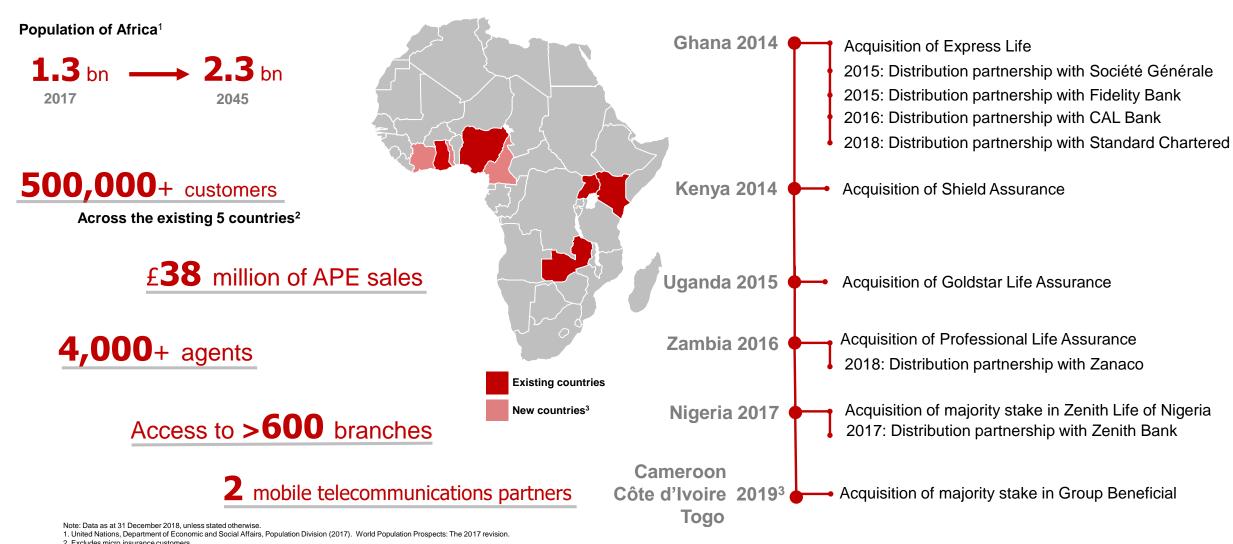
^{2.} Gross profits equal IFRS operating profit pre acquisition costs and pre-DAC. Includes REALIC

Represents acquisition costs not deferrable under US GAAP principles for deferred acquisition costs

Africa

PRUDENTIAL

Regional footprint



2. Exclusives initial instrumed extraordistricts.
3. Represents Cameroon, Côte d'Ivoire and Togo, where Prudential plc has agreed to acquire a majority stake in Group Beneficial, subject to various conditions and regulatory approvals.

UK M&GPrudential



Established 1931

International asset manager with more than 85 years' experience



Offer funds across diverse geographies, asset classes and investment strategies

Acquired

1999

Provides investment strategies to meet Institutional clients' long-term needs

M&GPrudential



PRUDENTIAL

Established

Leading provider of savings and retirement income products

1848

Core strengths in with-profits and retirement

Expertise in areas such as longevity, risk management and multi-asset investment

Market trends

Self-reliance for savings, investment and retirement

Substantial household assets still held in cash

Convergent insurance and asset management business models

> Customer demand for one stop shop solutions from trusted, scale players

Market context¹



^{1.} Source: www.Europa.eu- Eurostat financial balance sheets: household sector, 2017.

^{2.} Other includes loans, financial derivatives and employee stock options.

M&GPrudential

Products

Investment funds FUM PruFund **Traditional** products European **FUM Institutions**

FUM (FY18)

£32bn

£43bn

£132bn

£37bn²

£77bn

£321bn

- Top 5 in UK retail funds¹
- Distributed through wholesale channels
- Range of consumer-focused retirement/savings wrappers
- Distributed through intermediaries and direct channels
- Large, individual and corporate closed book
- Meeting customers' retirement needs
 - Establishment of the Luxembourg HQ and SICAV range
- Complemented by M&GPrudential's European businesses
- High quality clients
- Differentiated investment capabilities

PRUDENTIAL

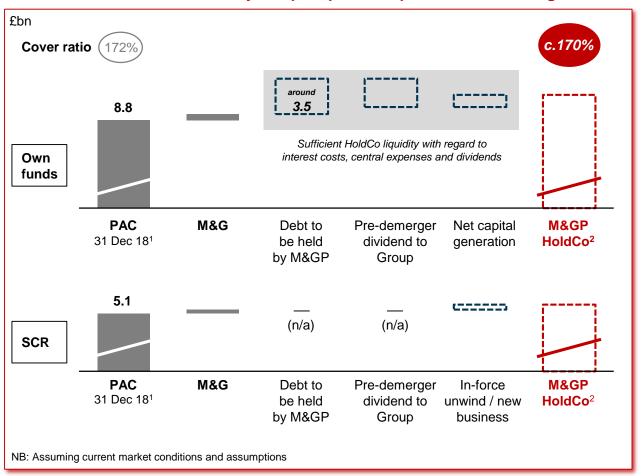
^{1.} Source: The Investment Association, September 2018.

² Furone includes FLIM in Asia and South Africa

M&GPrudential

Expected capital position at demerger

M&GPrudential Solvency II capital position, pro-forma at demerger



- M&GPrudential expected to hold c£3.5bn of sub-debt
- M&GPrudential SII cover expected to be c170% at demerger
- M&GPrudential Group ratings all on Stable outlook

M&GPrudential Group ratings

Very strong insurance financial strength rating							
	Moody's	S&P	Fitch				
PAC	Aa3	A+	AA-				
Comments on capitalisation	"excellent capitalisation" ³	"very well capitalized" ⁴	"very strong capitalisation" ⁵				
Strongly rated credit							
	Moody's	S&P	Fitch				
M&GPrudential	A2 ⁶	A- ⁶	N/A ⁷				

^{1.} Includes the impact of reinsuring £12 billion of annuity liabilities and the transfer of Prudential plc's Hong Kong subsidiaries to Asia.

^{2.} At the time of the demerger, Prudential expects the shareholder Solvency II ratio of M&GPrudential to be around 170 per cent, with M&GPrudential holding around £3.5 billion of subordinated debt. This expectation is subject to the M&GPrudential capital risk appetite being approved by the Board of the ultimate holding company of M&GPrudential, once fully constituted to include independent non-executive directors, and reflects the current operating environment and economic conditions, material changes in which may lead to a different outcome.

^{3.} Moody's Credit Opinion Prudential Assurance Company 20 March 2018.

^{4.} S&P report on Prudential Assurance Company 25 September 2018.

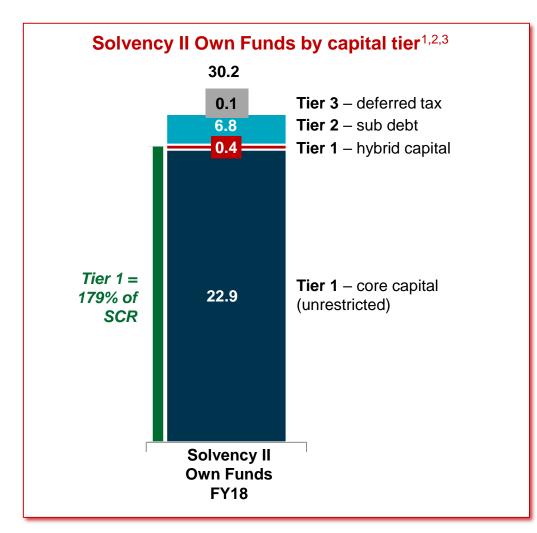
^{5.} Fitch Prudential Assurance Company Ratings Affirmation 5 November 2018

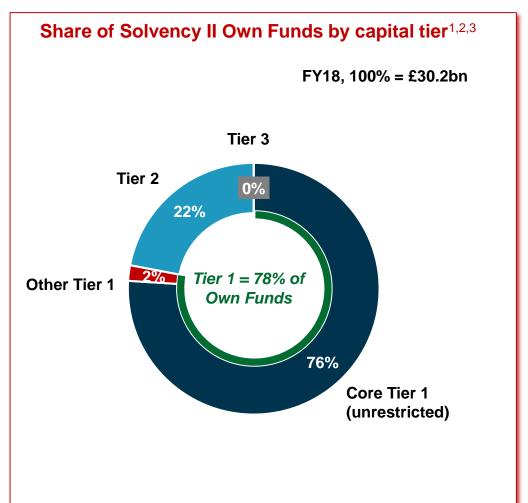
^{6.} Indicative long-term senior credit rating of M&GPrudential holding company disclosed in S&P and Moody's published rating actions in respect of Prudential plo's 3 substitutable hybrid debt instruments issued in October 2018.

^{7.} Fitch rated Prudential pic substitutable hybrids applying standard notching methodology for such instruments to Prudential pic credit, although Fitch note these substitutable hybrids substitutable hybrids specifically in the picture of the second of the new M&GPrudential pic credit, although Fitch note these substitutable hybrids specifically in the picture of the second of the new M&GPrudential picture of the new M&GPrude

Solvency II

Capital quality





^{1.} The Group shareholder position excludes the contribution to the Group Own Funds and the Solvency Capital Requirement of ring fenced With-Profit Funds and staff pension schemes in surplus.

The Group shareholder position includes management's estimate of transitional measures reflecting operating and market conditions at the valuation date.
 Before allowing for the 2018 second interim dividend.



Group Solvency II

Solvency II classification of hybrid capital

Hybrid capital outstanding, 31 December 2018

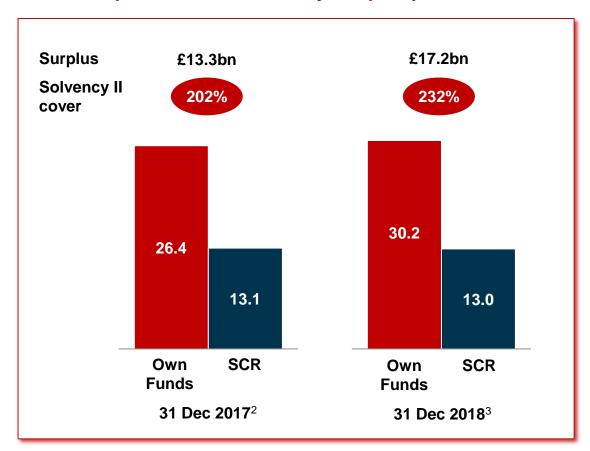
Issue Date	Amount	Coupon	Maturity Date	1st Call Date	SII Classification
19-Dec-01	GBP 435m	6.125%	19-Dec-31	None	Tier 2*
10-Jul-03	EUR 20m	20 yr CMS rate	10-Jul-23	None	Tier 2*
30-Jul-04	USD 250m	6.75%	Perp	23-Sep-09	Tier 1*
12-Jul-05	USD 300m	6.50%	Perp	23-Sep-10	Tier 1*
29-May-09	GBP 400m	11.375%	29-May-39	29-May-19	Tier 2*
15-Jan-13	USD 700m	5.25%	Perp	23-Mar-18	Tier 2
16-Dec-13	GBP 700m	5.70%	19-Dec-63	19-Dec-43	Tier 2*
09-Jun-15	GBP 600m	5.00%	20-Jul-55	20-Jul-35	Tier 2
07-Jun-16	USD 1,000m	5.25%	Perp	20-Jul-21	Tier 2
13-Sep-16	USD 725m	4.375%	Perp	20-Oct-21	Tier 2
24-Oct-17	USD 750m	4.875%	Perp	20-Jan-23	Tier 2
03-Oct-18 ¹	GBP 750m	5.625%	20-Oct-51	20-Dec-31	Tier 2
03-Oct-18 ¹	GBP 500m	6.25%	20-Oct-68	20-Oct-48	Tier 2
03-Oct-18 ¹	USD 500m	6.50%	20-Oct-48	20-Oct-28	Tier 2



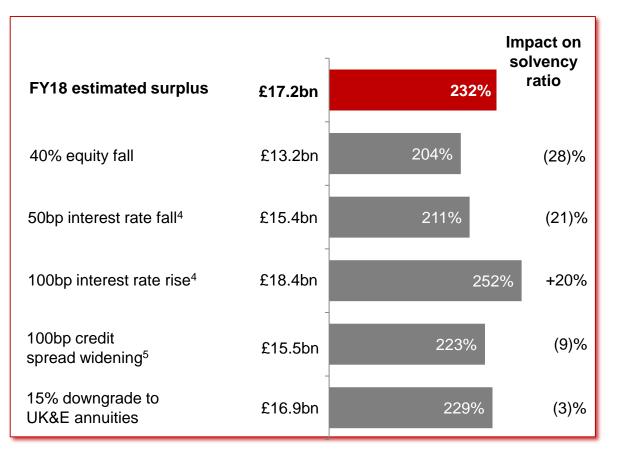
Group Solvency II

Solvency II estimated sensitivities

Group Shareholder Solvency II capital position¹, £bn



Solvency II surplus estimated sensitivities¹



^{1.} The Group shareholder position excludes the contribution to the Group Own Funds and the Solvency Capital Requirement of ring-fenced With-Profit Funds and staff pension schemes in surplus. The estimated solvency positions include management's calculation of UK transitional measures reflecting operating and market conditions at each valuation date, which for both 2018 and 2017 reflects the approved regulatory position.

^{2.} Before allowing for the 2017 second interim ordinary dividend.

^{3.} Before allowing for the 2018 second interim ordinary dividend.

^{4.} Allowing for further transitional recalculation after the interest rate stress.

^{5.} For Jackson, includes credit defaults of 10 times the expected level.

Group asset portfolio

Breakdown of invested assets¹, FY18, £bn

					Share	holder-b	acked	
	Total Group	PAR funds	Unit linked	Asia Life	US Life	UK Life	Other	Total
Debt	175.4	81.0	14.5	14.6	41.6	21.6	2.1	79.9
Equity	214.7	58.3	153.5	2.1	0.4	0.0	0.5	3.0
Property	17.9	15.6	0.6	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.7
Mortgage	11.7	2.5	0.0	0.2	7.4	1.7	(0.1)	9.2
Deposits	11.8	8.8	1.5	0.5	0.0	0.7	0.3	1.5
Other loans	6.4	2.2	0.1	0.4	3.7	0.1	(0.1)	4.1
Other	11.7	8.4	0.0	0.9	1.5	0.6	0.3	3.3
Total	449.6	176.8	170.2	18.7	54.6	26.4	3.0	102.7

Shareholder debt portfolio, FY18 £bn

			Holding	by issuer	
	Portfolio £bn	No. issuers	Av. £m	Max £m	High yield % debt portfolio
Sovereign debt	14.4	41	351	3,517	2.4%
Other debt					
Investment grade	62.9	1,873	34	475	n/a
High yield	2.6	69	38	100	3.3%
	65.5	1,942	71	575	n/a

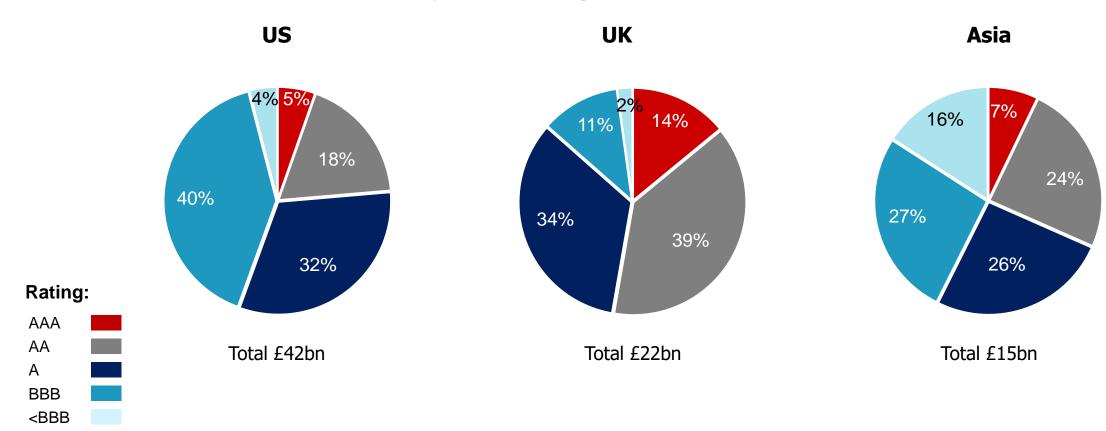
- Conservative asset mix: ~97% debt portfolio is rated investment grade or sovereign
- Minimal default losses, and minimal impairments across all credit portfolios
- Additional cash and equivalents of £12.1bn, of which shareholder exposure is £7.2bn



1. Includes £2.1bn of investments in joint ventures and associates accounted for using the equity method

Shareholder total debt securities

By credit rating^{1,2,3}, 31 December 2018



^{3.} Totals may not cast as a result of rounding.



^{1.} Pie charts exclude other operations totalling £2bn, of which 32% AAA, 55% AA, 8% A, 2% BBB and 3% BB or below.

^{2.} Based on hierarchy of Standard and Poor's, Moody's and Fitch, where available and if unavailable, internal ratings have been used.

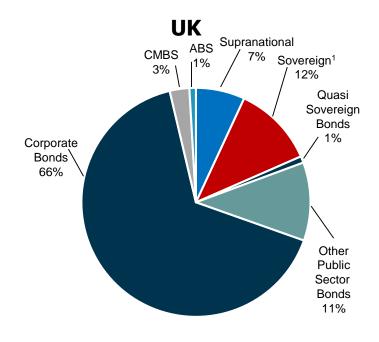
Shareholder total debt securities

US Quasi Sovereign¹ Sovereign **CMBS** ABS Bonds **RMBS** 1% Other Public Sector Bonds 1% Corporate **Bonds** 78%

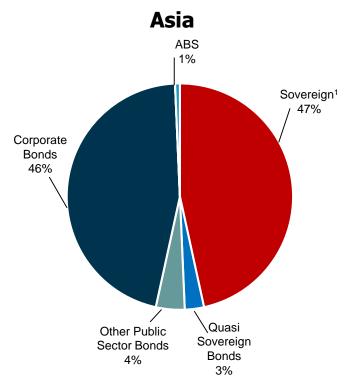
Total £42bn

PRUDENTIAL

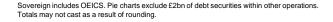
By asset type^{1,2}, 31 December 2018



Total £22bn



Total £15bn

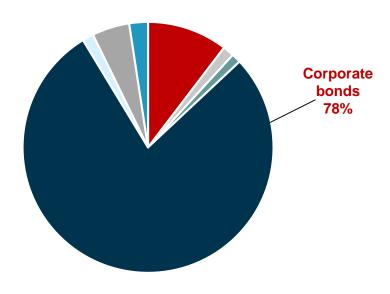


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US corporate debt portfolio

US total debt portfolio¹

31 December 2018



Total £42bn

Corporate debt portfolio

Investment grade

- · Significant weighting towards investment grade
 - ➤ Investment grade is 96% of corporate bond portfolio
 - Corporate debt investment grade is 58% of total US investment portfolio (2007:52%)
- BBB exposure weighted to upper bands
 - ➤ BBB+ and BBB account for 82% of BBB exposure
 - > BBB- only 5.9% of total investment portfolio
 - > BBB- average holding of \$33m across 120 issuers (corporate bond portfolio average: \$48m)
 - > Stress test: 10% of BBB- migrates to BB, which is 2.75x the long term average and 30% higher than the worst experience since 2000. Impact on RBC ratio of (12) percentage points

High Yield

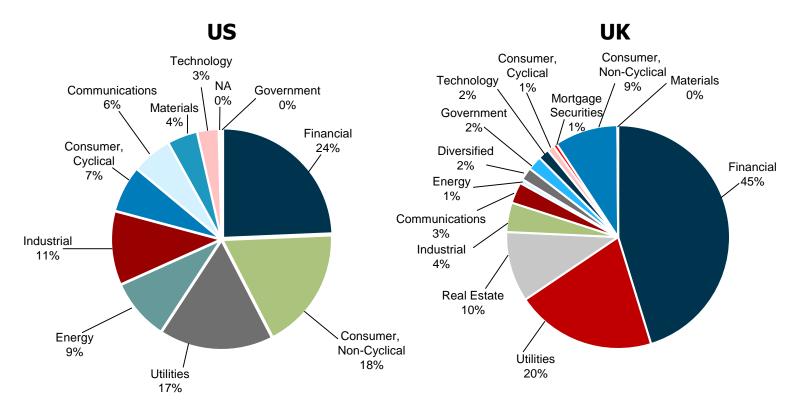
- High yield corporate debt equivalent to <2% of total US investment portfolio
 - ➤ Significant reduction in exposure (2007: >5%)
 - > Average holding of \$8m



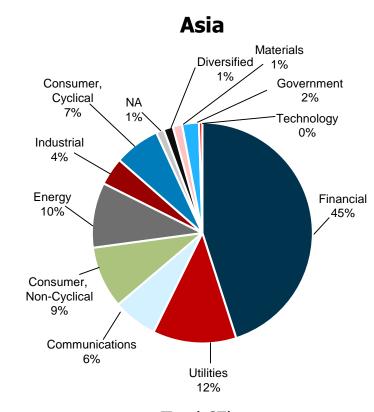
Total may not cast as a result of rounding.

Shareholder backed corporate debt exposures

By sector¹, 31 December 2018







Total £7bn

Note: Source of segmentation Bloomberg Sector, Bloomberg Group and Merrill Lynch. Anything that cannot be identified from the three sources noted is classified as other. Pie charts exclude debt securities from other operations.

PRUDENTIAL

Totals may not cast as a result of rounding.

Currency mix

Translation sensitivities

