

Additional disclosures

The following additional disclosures are made in compliance with the Companies Act 2006, the Disclosure and Transparency Rules and the Combined Code.

Financial reporting

The directors have a duty to report to shareholders on the performance and financial position of the Group and are responsible for preparing the financial statements on pages 119 to 301 and the supplementary information on pages 304 to 340. It is the responsibility of the auditor to form independent opinions, based on its audit of the financial statements and its review of the EEV basis supplementary information; and to report its opinions to the Company's shareholders and to the Company. Its opinions are given on pages 303 and 342.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group. The criteria applied in the preparation of the financial statements are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities on page 302.

The directors are further required to confirm that the directors' report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business, with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties. Such confirmation is included in the statement of directors' responsibilities on page 302.

The Chief Financial Officer's Review includes, on pages 40 to 45, a description of the Group's risk and capital management, which includes a description of the Group's liquidity position. These risks are also discussed in Note C to the financial statements on pages 162 to 165. The Group has considerable internal and external financial resources and the directors believe that the Group is well placed to manage its business risks successfully.

Going concern

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company and the Group have adequate resources to continue their operations for the foreseeable future. In support of this expectation, the Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, successful performance and position in the current economic climate are set out in the Business Review on pages 24 to 74. The risks facing the Group's capital and liquidity positions and their sensitivities are referred to above in the Chief Financial Officer's Review. Specifically, the Group's borrowings are detailed in Note H13, the market risk and liquidity analysis associated with the Group's assets and liabilities can be found in Note G2, the policyholder liability maturity profile by business units is set out in Notes D2, D3 and D4 on pages 188, 205 and 213 respectively, cash flow details are given in the consolidated statement of cash flows, and provisions and contingencies in note H14. The directors therefore have continued to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Post-balance sheet events

Important events affecting the Company after the end of the financial year are detailed in Note I11 on page 291.

Significant agreements that take effect, alter or terminate upon a change of control of the Company following a takeover bid

Under the agreements governing Prudential Corporation Holdings Limited's life insurance and fund management joint ventures with China International Trust & Investment Corporation (CITIC), if there is a change of control of the Company, CITIC may terminate the agreements and either (i) purchase the Company's entire interest in the joint venture or require the Company to sell its interest to a third party designated by CITIC, or (ii) require the Company to purchase all of CITIC's interest in the joint venture. The price of such purchase or sale is to be the fair value of the shares to be transferred, as determined by the auditor of the joint venture.

Essential contracts or arrangements

There are a number of significant relationships with third parties, which have value to the business. No single relationship, however, is considered to be essential to the Group as a whole.

Compensation for loss of office

None of the terms of employment of the Company's directors include provisions for payment of compensation for loss of office or employment that occurs because of a takeover bid. Terms applying on a termination of their office are set out in the Directors' Remuneration Report. In the US senior executives participate on a discretionary basis in a plan which entitles them to compensation, in the event that their employment is terminated or adversely affected as a result of a takeover.